THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.] ATLANTA, GEORGIA, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1870. [VOLUME III---NUMBER 76

Evening Edition.

Atlanta, Ga., September 15, 1870.

☞ For Correct Market Reports, see Fourth Page.

Supreme Court Decisions.

The head notes of the Decisions of the Supreme Court, for the last term, are now ready, in pamphlet form, at this office. Price, one dollar.

A Call for a Meeting of the Democratic Executive Committee.

The members of the State Democratic Executive Committee are requested to meet in Macon, on Tuesday, the 27th instant, to elect their chairman.

A. H. COLQUITT,
President State Democratic Convention.

☞ The Milledgeville Recorder, Calhoun Times, Cartersville Express and Americus Courier speak out against the policy of Judge Stephens' letter.

☞ We will back up Forney for writing more highfalutin rhetoric about liberty and the glory of republics than any editor on the continent. And we will back him for putting less sincerity in it than any other editor.

Sectional Hate.

The Philadelphia Bulletin is responsible for the following eruption of venom upon Alexander H. Stephens, who it seems has been elected to deliver an agricultural address in Pennsylvania:

The Montgomery County Agricultural Society will hold its annual exhibition at Norristown, on the 15th, 16th and 17th of the present month. It is customary upon the opening day to have an address from some prominent man, and we regret to learn from the advertisement that Alexander H. Stephens, of Georgia, has been invited to be the orator of the day. The action of the managers in requesting this man's presence in such a capacity, has excited a great deal of just indignation among the loyal people of the county, and we express their feelings and those of all loyal men when we characterize this proceeding as a gross outrage.

We may insist, and we do insist, that every reasonable thing shall be done to create a good feeling between the people of the North and South, and to destroy the enmity and jealousy which existed during the war; but to produce such desirable results is not, by any means, necessary to glorify the individual men to whose treachery and sophistry that ill-feeling is directly attributable. Alexander H. Stephens is, in many respects, the wickedest of the villains who inspired, maintained and then defended the rebellion. He professed loyalty to the very last hour of peace, while secretly he was promoting the cause of secession and bidding for the honors of the coming Confederacy. His famous appeal for the preservation of the Union is now known to have been a piece of base hypocrisy uttered to screen his villainous machinations.

As soon as war was declared, this man, who had been so eloquent in his protestations of affection for the Union, removed his mask and accepted the second position in the rebel government. While there, he labored with energy and ingenuity, more pertinent and devilish than the efforts of Jefferson Davis, as he was more able, to destroy this government, to perpetuate slavery, and to make the experiment of republicanism a disastrous failure. At the conclusion of the war he was not willing to abide by the result, and to accept in humble silence the generous refusal of the people to punish him; but he has made himself conspicuous ever since as the apologist of treason, the champion of the "lost cause," and the advocate of its pernicious theories.

After expressing the opinion that Mr. Stephens should be hung, the same journal adds:

It is not a sufficient excuse that he has been invited; there are men in this community, as in others throughout the North, who either sympathized with the rebel effort to overthrow the Union, or who have not enough decency and sense to enable them to perceive the impropriety of honoring this noisy, impenitent rebel. If Mr. Stephens accepts the invitation, and undertakes to speak at Norristown, we hope loyal people will have nothing to do with the enterprise, or will attend and hoot the speaker from the stand.

The Bulletin heads its acrid article, "Honoring a Traitor."

The venom of this ebullition of sectional hatred is its best antidote. And we do not believe that it will find any general endorsement North. There are narrow-minded men there who entertain such prejudices, but the masses, we think, are liberal.

The reflections upon Mr. Stephens are so villainously false and unmerited, and show so extravagant a malignity, that they inspire no other feeling than pity or derision.

Let such journals monopolize such sentiments. The South can afford to be magnanimous. Her treatment of Northern visitors to the Macon Fair—visitors representing the extremest shades of Radical Northern bitterness, will form a flattering contrast to this Puritanic malice.

We would not expose Mr. Stephens to insult, but we hope he will deliver this address, and give the Bulletin some lessons for its benefit.

The German Soldiers.

Mural Halstead, now with the Prussian army, thus writes to the Cincinnati Commercial:

Perhaps it would do some of our American Know-Nothings—the parties with slim legs, who are fond of distinguishing all Germans as "d—d Dutchmen"—a deal of good to look upon two or three hundred thousand of those German soldiers. There is not the look of our conventional or stage Dutchman about one in ten thousand of them. Nearly all of the officers and a great many of the private soldiers have highly intelligent faces.

More fine specimens of splendid manliness—six-footers, every joint in the right place, coat and breeches full of good muscle—can be selected from any regiment of these soldiers than from a like number of soldiers I have seen, with, perhaps, the exception of Sherman's army as it marched through Washington, after the surrender of Lee. About the German officers of the line there is a good deal of the German students' style. They have not been campaigning long enough yet to be thoroughly sunburnt, and many of them wear spectacles or eye-glasses, and their clothes are cut with that precision for which Parisian tailors have a reputation unwarranted by their achievements. They are young men, well made—hundreds of them would be sensations in a ball-room.

A SENSATION AT THE PRUSSIAN COURT.—PRAGUE, September 12.—A Berlin telegram to the Politique of this city says: A great sensation was created by the dispatch of the American government to its envoy at the Prussian capital, expressing the hope that there would be a cessation of the war, in view of the fact that its aim, the dethronement of Napoleon, had been accomplished. No sooner had the Minister communicated the dispatch to Von Thiele and Eulenburg than it was sent to King William by a special courier.

LETTER FROM GWINNETT.

Court Matters—Lawyers—The Constitution.

LAWRENCEVILLE, GA., Sept. 12, 1870.

Editors Constitution: The regular term of the Superior Court is now in session. His Honor Judge Davis presiding. A large number of lawyers, clients, etc., being in attendance. Judge Davis, by his impartial bearing in his official capacity, has become popular.

Solicitor Marler is on hand seeking whom he may devour. The Atlanta bar is well represented. Colonel John A. Stephens, of the firm of Gartrell & Stephens; Major George Hillyer, and L. J. Winn, all of whom the good people of the Gate City should be proud.

Colonel Clark, of Covington, is here, and looks as gay and independent as an old coon. Also, Colonel D. H. Walker, of Walton. It gives us pleasure to say that Colonel Walker occupies the front rank in his profession. We are also glad to hear his name suggested by so many of our old citizens as the proper man to represent this district in Congress. He is competent, faithful and industrious, honest and prudent, which should be the Democratic motto.

Colonel Acton, the fat man of THE CONSTITUTION, made his appearance at the scene of action to-day, and created as much excitement as James Robinson's circus would have done. We were prepared for him: only a few days ago the court-house doors were made larger for his special consideration. Woe unto Acton; long may he live to win golden opinions and pay taxes.

Born's hotel is thronged with visitors. He keeps a first-class house, and looks well to the comforts of his fellow-man. Success to friend Born.

In conclusion, we must say that our Ordinary, Judge Lumpkin, in his appointments of road commissioners and overseers, had an eye single to the glory and welfare of old Gwinnett; for our roads are in a much better condition than they have been for years.

THE CONSTITUTION is always a welcome visitor, for it is a terror to Radicalism. It has a larger circulation here than any paper in Grant's dominion. Long may it live to advocate such principles.

Respectfully, REID.

Educational Notes.

AUGUSTA, September 13, 1870.

Editors Constitution: Public school supervision in nineteen States and four Territories is committed to the hands of State and county superintendents. In four States the subordinate officers are known as Township Superintendents; in two States, City Superintendents; in two States, Assembly District Superintendents. Subordinates are selected in Arkansas from judicial circuits; and in Louisiana they are known as Division Superintendents, numbering six.

The educational condition of French conscripts, from official report of 1865, appears thus: Percentage of those who could not read, 30-4 (thirty and four-tenths); percentage of men who could not sign their marriage contract, 30-5, (thirty and five-tenths)—an increase of 20 per cent. in thirty years.

The number of conscripts for the Prussian army in 1866-67 was 99,716. According to official report made to the Prussian Parliament, the number who could not read and write was 3-81 per cent. (three and eighty one hundredths). The number of conscripts for the navy at the same time was 1,144, of whom 1-66 per cent. could not read and write.

Kansas has a second normal school, located at Leavenworth.

Miss Stockwell is the first woman who has entered the University of Michigan as a student.

The city of New York has 239 schools, conducted by 182 principals and 164 vice-principals. Total number of teachers, 3,411. Number of pupils in 1869, 235,682.

The bill introduced by Mr. Hoar, of Massachusetts, to compel States which have no system of public schools to furnish means for the education of their children, will come up for action in December as a special order.

New York has eight normal schools. Each of these receive annually from the State not less than $12,000.

Philadelphia has 330 classified public schools, 1,515 teachers, 81,274 pupils.

Iowa has 6,783 schools, 236,138 pupils. 11,994 teachers.

Michigan has a school fund of $3,283,402. Teachers' salaries paid, $1,177,843. Number of teachers, 10,249; pupils, 369,587. Total school expenses, $2,785,061 past year.

California has made her State University a great public institution. No charges for tuition. Its splendid endowment authorizes this step.

Texas, just organizing, or seeking to organize, her school system, invites teachers. Good ones can find lucrative employment.

MIGNONNE.

For County Tax Receiver.

Editors Constitution: As it seems certain that we are soon to have an election for county officers, the necessity of selecting candidates in every way suitable becomes imperative. We have many who are eligible, competent and honest, and of this kind we have been much pleased to learn that our popular fellow-citizen, Mr. James G. Kelly, will probably be a candidate in the next race for Tax Receiver of Fulton. The mere mention of this fact is believed to be sufficient to secure for him the willing and vigorous support of the Democratic party.

For the faithful, prompt and satisfactory discharge of all the duties belonging to this office, we find abundant guarantees in his past record.

If we nominate and elect him, Fulton county will have an unobjectionable Tax Receiver.

MANY DEMOCRATS.

GEORGIA LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

THURSDAY, Sept. 15, 1870.

Senate called to order by President Conley.

Prayer by Wesley Prettyman.

The unfinished business being the consideration of the School bill was resumed.

Messrs. Candler, Holcombe, Wellborn and Hinton favored striking out the fifth section.

Messrs. Dunning, Bradley, Traywick, Wooten and Speer opposed striking out.

Mr. Higbee favored a compromise.

The debate was on the advisability and expediency of either the State or county Board of Education prescribing what text books or books of reference shall be used in the common schools of the State.

Mr. Nunnally called the previous question.

On the motion to strike out, the following is the vote:

Yeas—Bruton, Brock, Burns, Candler, Dickey, Fain, Hinton, Holcombe, Stringer, Wellborn—10.

Nays—Bradley, Bowers, Crayton, Dunning, Griffin, (6th) Harris, Henry, Henderson, Higbee, Jordan, Mathews, Merrell, Nunnally, Richardson, Sherman, Smith, (7th) Smith, (36th) Speer, Traywick, Welch, Wooten—21.

Mr. Higbee moved to amend by striking out "prescribe" and insert "recommend," which was lost by yeas 11—nays 18.

Mr. Bruton moved to amend by adding the words "that books published by publishing houses in this State be preferred."

The yeas and nays were as follows:

Yeas—Bruton, Burns, Candler, Fain, Hinton, Holcombe, Jordan, Nunnally, Traywick, Wellborn, Wooten—11.

Nays—Bradley, Bowers, Crayton, Dickey, Dunning, Griffin, (6th) Harris, Henderson, Henry, Higbee, Merrill, Richardson, Sherman, Smith, (7th) Smith, (36th) Speer, Stringer, Welch—18.

Mr. Nunnally moved that speeches be limited to five minutes in discussing the bill. Adopted.

The following sections were adopted:

Sec. 6. The State Board of Education shall, within five days after the meeting of each and every annual session of the Legislature, lay before that body an account in detail of all the doings of said board, with such observations upon the condition and efficiency of the system of popular education, and such suggestions as to the most practicable means of extending and improving it, as the experience and reflection of the board may dictate.

Sec. 7. The State School Commissioner shall be appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate. He shall be charged with the administration of the system of public instruction and a general superintendence of the business relating to the common schools of the State, and of the school funds and school revenues set apart and appropriated for their support. A suitable office shall be furnished him at the seat of government, at which the books, papers and effects relating to the business of said office shall be kept, and there he shall give reasonable attendance to the business and duties of the office. He shall render an opinion in writing to any school officer asking the same, touching the administration or construction of the school law.

Sec. 8 Before entering upon the exercise of his official duties, the said Commissioner shall take and subscribe to the same oaths required of other officers of this State.

Sec. 9. He shall prescribe suitable forms and regulations for making all reports and conducting all necessary proceeding under this act, and shall cause the same, with such instructions as he may deem necessary and proper for the organization and government of schools, to be transmitted to the local school officers, who shall be governed in accordance therewith: *Provided*, That appeals may be made from the State School Commissioner to the State Board of Education, whose decisions in all matters relating to schools shall be final.

The following section was stricken out:

Section 10. It shall be the duty of the Commissioner to visit at least once annually in their respective Senatorial Districts the County Commissioners in said Senatorial Districts, and who are hereby required to be present at such time and place as may be designated by the State Commissioner, for the purpose of examining into and consulting upon the school interests in said district, superintending and encouraging teachers' institutes, conferring with school officers, and counseling and delivering lectures on topics calculated to subserve the interest of popular education.

The following, offered by Mr. Higbee, was adopted:

It shall be the duty of the Commissioner to visit as often as possible the Senatorial District to examine into the administration of the school law in said district; and to counsel with the school officer and do such other acts as may be deemed best to subserve the interest of popular education.

Mr. Higbee moved to amend the 11th section by striking out "youths" and inserting "inhabitants." Lost.

Mr. Burns moved to amend by striking out "six and twenty-one" and inserting "eight and eighteen." Lost.

The following were then adopted:

Sec. 11. It shall be the duty of said Commissioner to apportion equitably the revenue to be raised as hereinafter provided, to the different schools districts of the State, upon the basis of the aggregate of youths between six and twenty-one years of age in each district, and he shall draw his warrant upon the Treasurer of the State for the sum belonging to each county, according to said apportionment. He shall see that the moneys to be used for the purpose of education are not misapplied, and that the proper actions provided for by law are brought against all officers and agents of the system who are liable to the same.

Sec. 12. It shall be the duty of the said Commissioner to, at the same time with the State Board of Education, make an annual report in each and every year, to the General Assembly, and he shall have power to require of local boards of education, trustees or other school officers and of Clerks and Treasurers of counties, Recorders and Treasurers of cities and towns, copies of all reports by them required to be made, and all such other information in relation to the funds and condition of schools, and the management thereof, as he may deem important.

Mr. Higbee moved to amend the 13th section by striking out the words "sex, color," and insert "scholastic age and otherwise," and adding the words "the number of days scholars between the ages of 6 and 21 attended school during the year." Lost.

The section was then adopted.

Sec. 13. The State Commissioner, in the annual report of his labors and observations, shall present a statement of the condition and amount of all funds and property appropriated to the purposes of education; a statement of the number of common schools of the various grades in the State; the number of scholars attending such schools, their sex, color, and the branches taught; a statement of the number of select and private schools in the State, so far as can be ascertained, and the number of scholars attending such schools; their sex and the branches taught; the total number of children of school age in the State, so near as can be ascertained; a statement of the trustees and accounts of the expenditures of the public funds of every description; a statement of plans for the mangement and improvement of common schools, and such other information relative to the educational interests of the State as he may think important.

Mr. Nunnally moved to amend the 14th section by striking out "incidental expenses" and inserting "expenses absolutely necessary," which motion prevailed, and the section as amended adopted:

Sec. 14. The said Commissioner shall be entitled to receive for his services the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) annually, in quarterly installments, from the school fund of the State, and all his necessary traveling expenses incurred in the performance of his official duties; and all postage and other expenses absolutely necessary arising in his office shall be paid out of the school fund. He shall keep an itemized account of all expenses connected with his department, which account shall be audited by the State Board of Education. He shall be allowed one clerk, at a salary not to exceed one thousand two hundred dollars, ($1,200) to be paid out of the school fund.

On motion of Mr. Wooten, section 15 was amended by inserting the words, "and each and every incorporated city or town" after the word county in the first line, and adopted:

Sec. 15. That hereafter each and every county, and each and every incorporated city or town, in the State shall compose but one school district for all purposes connected with the general interests of education in the county, and shall be confided to the management and control of a board of education; and the several school districts, or fractional parts thereof, which are now, or may be hereafter, established in the several counties of the State, shall be regarded as sub-districts, and be confined to the management and control of local directors, as hereinafter provided.

Mr. Higbee proposed to strike out section 16, and insert "the County Board of Education shall consist of the Ordinary, and the Justice of the Peace in each militia district, and in cities of the Mayor and one man from each ward, appointed by the Mayor." Lost.

Mr. Harris moved to strike out the words "the first board shall be elected on the 8th day of November, 1870." Lost.

Mr. Merrell moved to strike out the same words. Yeas and nays demanded, with following result—yeas 14, nays 15.

Mr. Wooten's amendment "and that in cities not laid off in wards, of three commissioners," adopted, and the section, as amended, adopted.

Sec. 16. The County Board of Education shall consist of one person from each militia district, and one person from each ward in any city in the county, and that in cities not laid off in wards, of three commissioners elected by the legal voters thereof, at the regular election for members of the General Assembly. The first board shall be elected on the eighth day of November, eighteen hundred and seventy, and shall hold their office for two years, or until successors are elected.

Motions to extend time to half past one o'clock, to meet at 3½ o'clock P. M., and at 3 o'clock P. M., were severally put and lost.

Senate then adjourned until to-morrow morning.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

THURSDAY, September 15, 1870.

House met at the appointed hour, Mr. Tweedy, Speaker pro. tem., in the chair.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Crumley.

Roll was called and a quorum present.

The journal of yesterday was read.

Mr. Sanlter moved to reconsider so much of yesterday's proceedings of the House as relates to the passage of a resolution imposing a fine of $18 on each member absent without leave. He said that he was in favor of prompt attendance, but that the construction now put upon the resolution works injustice to members, for during a five hour's session a member may attend four hours and forty-five minutes, and be fined $18 for a fifteen minutes' absence.

Mr. Higdon hoped that the motion to reconsider would not prevail, for there were more members present this morning than for a considerable time previous.

The motion to reconsider was put before the House and lost.

Mr. Darnell moved to reconsider the action of the House on yesterday in seating Mr. Clower, of Monroe, and Mr. Heard, of Miller—these two gentlemen being ineligible.

Mr. Scott made the point of order that the resolution to seat the gentleman in question was a privileged resolution and could not be reconsidered.

The Speaker ruled that the point was not well taken.

From which ruling Mr. Tumlin appealed.

Mr. Scott remarked that when certain minority candidates were seated he had moved to reconsider and was ruled out of order by Speaker McWhorter, and that all he desired was that the ruling of the House should have something like uniformity.

Mr. Goodwin remarked that he believed Mr. Scott was correct, and that he would not vote to sustain the present ruling, and that he desired to let this question rest where it is.

Mr. Tumlin's appeal was put before the House and the ruling was reversed.

Mr. Ilee hoped that the regular order of business would be resumed.

On motion of Mr. Darnell, the absentees of yesterday were excused, as the resolution was not intended to go into effect until to-day.

A message from the Governor was received, saying that he has approved and signed the following acts, to-wit:

An act to amend an act to incorporate the Cherokee Wesleyan Institute, etc.

Also, an act to authorize the issue of bonds of this State hereby to redeem all bonds and the coupons thereon now due, or falling due, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

Simms (colored) of Chatham, moved to suspend the rules to take up the Savannah bill, which motion prevailed.

Mr. Price said that the action of the House in seating members from Telfair and Irwin counties was not similar to its action on the Savannah bill, the latter having been once acted on during this session, cannot be, constitutionally, entertained again.

The Speaker ruled that the bill was already before the House, and that the gentleman's objection came too late.

Simms (colored) of Chatham, spoke at some length, and argued that the passage of this bill was necessary to a free and fair election.

Mr. Lee, of Newton, offered a substitute for the Senate Savannah bill.

Turner (colored) remarked that a more reasonable appeal had never been made to any legislative body than the one made by the people of Savannah; that it was impossible for six thousand voters to vote peaceably at one poll, and that in no other place had so large a number been forced to do so.

Mr. Bryant hoped that the motion to indefinitely postpone would not prevail, but that the substitute should be adopted; which substitute abolishes the poll tax and increases the number of voting places.

A resolution of the City Council of Savannah, establishing six election boxes, was read.

Mr. Shumate said that he had offered a compromise abolishing the one dollar poll tax, giving six election boxes, opening the registration lists, and holding the polls open two days—all of which was rejected; but that what is really desired by the friends of the bill is that the law be so fixed that voters can be brought into the city from without her limits; that all the authorities of Savannah say there is no danger of bloodshed, from the present system, but that the election will be fair.

Mr. Shumate called the previous question on the motion to postpone indefinitely.

The call was sustained.

On the main question the yeas and nays were called for with the following result: Yeas 52, nays 55; so the motion to indefinitely postpone was lost.

Mr. Shumate offered a substitute for the bill.

Mr. Fitzpatrick called the previous question on Mr. Lee's substitute.

Mr. Tumlin called it on Mr. Shumate's substitute.

Mr. Scott made the point of order that Mr. Lee's substitute was only read for information, and was not before the House.

Messrs. S. W. Bruton, Frank Massy, and Rev. Mr. Epps were invited to seats on the floor.

Leaves of absence were granted to Messrs. Felder, Strickland, McCormick and Porter.

Pending action on Mr. Scott's point of order the hour of adjournment arrived, and the House was declared adjourned until 8 o'clock P. M.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

ILLINOIS.

CHICAGO, September 15.—The Democrats nominated W. B. Anderson as Congressional candidate at large, and Charles Ridgely for State Treasurer.

Ignatius Donnelly will run for Congress in St. Paul, Minnesota, provided the Democrats make no nomination. Donnelly will run on the Free Trade platform.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, September 15.—Not having recognized the Republic Thiers was not received at Downing street.

During an interview at the French Embassy, Granville, in replying to Thiers' propositions, said:

"I do not see how England can interfere, but I think I may say that while preserving a strict neutrality, England will present to Prussia any propositions offered by France, and act the part of a sincere friend. It cannot, however, be expected that England will join any power in uttering a threat to Prussia, nor can England positively promise to urge upon Prussia the acceptance of any offer which France may be disposed to make her."

The News contains a letter from Berlin giving the views of the Prussian Government. Prussia will not negotiate with the present French Government. Prussia proposes occupying Paris, when the Regency Senate Corps Legislatif will be reassembled; the restored Government will then name Commissioners to negotiate peace. When this treaty is signed, Napoleon will be released and France left free to choose a government.

Intense eagerness is manifested to hear from Rome.

The blockade of the Elbe has been raised; vessels pass freely.

The communication between Paris and Lyons has been destroyed by the Prussians at Montereau, sixteen miles Southeast of Metum. There has been a sharp skirmish there.

Firing has been heard at Paris.

All the bridges within reach have been destroyed by the French, on the Lyons road.

The Italian sulty, it seems, has been accomplished. The sympathy of the people are, it seems, almost entirely with the Italians.

The Papal garrison at Montallo has been captured.

An Italian division should now be, if not before, in Rome.

Civita Vecchia has declared for the Italian unity.

The inhabitants of Bracciano displayed Italian flags on the approach of Italian troops.

[NOTE.—Bracciano is seventeen miles Northwest of Rome.]

PRUSSIA.

BERLIN, September 15.—The Provisional Government at Paris would have been accepted by the Prussians had Prussian election been accepted, embracing the cession of Alsace, Lorraine, and the dismantlement of the frontier forts. The Provisional Government refused to listen to any proposition surrendering the French territory.

ITALY.

FLORENCE, September 15.—The Opinion denies that diplomatic difficulties are in the way of the occupation of Rome.

SPAIN.

MADRID, September 15.—Olazaga, Spanish Minister to Paris, has been recalled, his offense being the recognition of the French Republic. This is a violation of the treaties whereby Spain is bound to await the action of other powers.

Telegraph Markets.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—Cotton quiet; uplands 19¾; orleans 20¾; sales 800 bales. Flour firm. Wheat quiet and firm. Corn dull. Pork dull. Lard quiet. Turpentine firmer at 40@40½. Rosin steady. Freights firmer.

Stocks very dull. Gold 113¾. Money 4 5. Sterling long 9¾; short 10¼. 6's 12¾.

LONDON, September 15.—Consols 92¼. Bonds 90¼. Turpentine 56s 6d@56s 7d. The bank rate is reduced to 3 per cent.

LIVERPOOL, September 15.—Cotton firm; uplands 9½; orleans 9¾; sales 15,000 bales. Breadstuffs firm.

LATER.—Pork and lard dull.

RUMORS OF PEACE AND ON WHAT BASIS.—A cab's special to the Herald, from London, 13th, says: M. Thiers looks careworn and ill, and shows a disinclination to conversation. A few words were interchanged with an old acquaintance at Dover, who inquired whether he came as an accredited envoy of the French Republic. He intimated that he knew no Republic only the government for the defense of Paris. There is good authority for believing that definite propositions for peace will be offered in behalf of the Provisional Government of Paris, and that Thiers is authorized to lay them before the British Government, whose intervention is solicited. The terms are as follows: Payment to Prussia of the war expenses; the destruction of all forts in Alsace and Lorraine; temporary occupation of Metz and Strasbourg by the German troops, until the election of an authorized government for France, and the ratification of a treaty by the proper authorities.

CHINA PREPARING FOR WAR.—A dispatch from China, through Russia, says the Chinese are preparing for war. Further outrages were committed on missionaries.

"BAD BLOOD."

"The Life is the Blood."

FROM it we derive our strength, beauty, and mental capabilities. It is the centre of our being, around which revolves all that makes existence happy. When this source is corrupted the painful effects are visible in many shapes, prominent among which is

SCROFULA.

This is a taint or infection of the human organism, and probably no one is wholly free from it. It exhibits itself in various shapes—as Ulcers and Sores, Decayed Bones, Diseased Scalp, Sore Eyes, Weak and Diseased Joints, St. Vitus' Dance, Foul Discharges from the Nostrils, Eruptions, Glandular Swellings, Throat Affections, Rheumatism, Heart Affections, Nervous Disorders, Barrenness, Disorders of the Womb, Dropsy, Syphilitic Affections, Liver Complaint, Salt Rheum, Dyspepsia, Neuralgia, Loss of Manhood and General Debility.

It has been the custom to treat these diseases with Mercury and other Mineral substances, which, though sometimes producing a cure, often prove injurious and entail misery for a life. The long known injurious properties of these so called alterative and purifiers has led the philanthropist and the science to explore the arena of nature, the result of which has been the discovery of a vegetable product which possess the power of eradicating those Taints from the Blood.

DR. TUTT'S

COMPOUND EXTRACT OF

SARSAPARILLA AND QUEEN'S DELIGHT

Is the acknowledged antidote to all Blood Diseases. By its use the affections above enumerated can be permanently banished, and the Source—the Centre of Life—the Blood, be maintained in all its purity and vigor.

For Diseases produced by the use of Mercury, and for Syphilis, with its train of evils, this compound is the only sure antidote.

To the poor creature, enfeebled in mind and body, by secret practices, whose nerves are unstrung, and countenance downcast

The Sarsaparilla

AND

QUEEN'S DELIGHT

is a blessing. Try it fairly, and your nerves will be restored to their wonted vigor, and your decided countenance be made radiant with the consciousness of

Restored Manhood.

Being free from violent measures, it is adapted to general use. The old and young may use it; the most delicate female at any time may take it; the tender infant, who may have inherited disease, will be cured by it.

For Purifying the Blood

USE

DR. TUTT'S

Extract of Sarsaparilla

AND

QUEEN'S DELIGHT.

When used in the Spring it removes all humors which infest the system; and banishes the languor and debility peculiar to that season of the year.

Rush from pity on the

Liver and Kidneys,

Producing a healthy action of the important organs by which all the impurities of the system are carried off, and the result is

A Clear Skin, a Good Appetite, and Buoyant Spirits.

PREPARED BY

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AUGUSTA, GEORGIA,

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THE WORLD'S WONDER.

DR. ABBETT'S ANTI-DYSPEPTIC

—OR—

LIVER MEDICINE

A SAFE and certain cure for all kinds of Liver Complaints, and all diseases and infirmities that originate from a diseased state or inactivity of the Liver, such as

Chronic and Acute Inflammations of the Liver,

Dyspepsia, Sick Headache,

Sourness of the Stomach,

Loss of Appetite,

Lowliness of Spirits, Colic,

Costiveness, Fever, Ague,

Bilious Fever, Dropsy and Jaundice.

These Medicines are purely Vegetable, and perfectly harmless; but their efficacy is too permanently established in all the Southern and Western States to require any further recommendations. The Wise will not fail to give them a fair trial—this is all that is asked.

LAGRANGE, GA., DEC. 3, 1869.

MESSRS. CRAWFORD & WALKER, West Point, Ga. Gentlemen: Having witnessed almost daily, for the last fifteen years, the great efficacy of the preparation you are now putting up, known as "Abbett's Medicine," it affords me pleasure to state that I knew of no combination or preparation equal to it in the treatment of Liver Diseases of whatever character, and would cordially recommend it to all who are suffering from derangement of the Liver, and especially the Dyspeptic.

I am, very respectfully,

T. S. BRADFIELD, Druggist.

WEST POINT, GA., OCT. 15, 1869.

MESSRS. CRAWFORD & WALKER: Gentlemen—I can honestly and confidently recommend L. B. Abbett's Liver or Dyspeptic Medicine, as prepared by you, to the favorable notice of the suffering public. Having used this Medicine myself in my family for twenty years, I can highly recommend it for removing pain or flatulency from the stomach, caused by Dyspepsia, &c., and as a happy effect in removing constipation of the bowels. I believe it to be the best universal remedy the world has yet discovered for the above named diseases. With my best wishes to you in introducing this valuable Medicine to the public, I remain, Yours truly, W. S. KENDRICK.

PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists, General Agents,
Atlanta, Ga.

For sale by Druggists everywhere.

CRAWFORD & WALKER, Proprietors,
nov24-dly West Point, Ga.

LIPPMAN'S

GREAT

GERMAN BITTERS.

THE

Purest Medicated Cordial

OF

THE AGE

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters strengthens the debilitated.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters strengthens the consumptive.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters cures Kidney Complaints.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters cures Female Complaints.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters, an old German Cordial.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters, the most delightful and effective in the world.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters cures "never well" people.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters gives an appetite.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters cures Liver Complaints.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters gives tone to digestive organs.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters strikes at the root of disease.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters gives energy.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters cures Nervousness.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters purifies the Blood.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters, the best Spring Medicine.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters regulates the bowels.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters excites the Torpid Liver.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters, best Physicians recommend.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters will give Youthful Vigor.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters cures Debility.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters, $1,000 for a better remedy.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters, the favorite of Germany.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters prevents Chills and Fever.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters has met with success everywhere.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA., May 1870.

MESSRS. JACOB LIPPMAN & BRO.—Gentlemen: I certify that I have examined and used in my practice "Lippman's Great German Bitters." I regard them as an admirable tonic and appetizer.

J. W. POINDEXTER, M. D.

S. F. Wyly, Pemberton, Taylor & Co. and A. J. West & Co.

ATLANTA, GA.,

Wholesale Agents for Lippmann's Great German Bitters.

—:o:—

Lippman's Pyrafuge,

The Great Chill and Fever Expeller.

ONE DOSE STOPS THE CHILLS.

NEAR GRAHAMVILLE, S. C., Nov. 18, 1869.

MR. LIPPMAN—Dear Sir:

Please send me half dozen bottles of your invaluable and infallible Pyrafuge. The bearer himself was cured of three years old chill and fever, and his whole family. It has never failed in a single case. Yours respectfully,

WM. F. ROBERT.

Read the Following:

MAYOR'S OFFICE,
GRIFFIN, GA., February 8, 1869.

This is to certify that I have used Prof. H. H. Kayser's "Oil of Life" in my family, in a case of aggravated Neuralgia in the Face, and after three applications it gave permanent relief.

WM. M. CLINE, Mayor.

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W. G. NEWMAN. JOHN S. FAIN.

NEWMAN & FAIN,

Contractors and Builders,

Office up-stairs over R. H. Goodman's Store,

NO. 33 PEACHTREE STREET,

jan24-dtm ATLANTA, GA.

Wide Awake! Wide Awake!

TO THE CITIZENS OF ATLANTA.

WE are now prepared to make BOOTS and SHOES of all descriptions, to order. If you want Patent Leather, Cork-soles, Box-toed, Water-proof, Legal calfskin or Foreign of the finest French Calf-skin, we can furnish them to you at short notice and warrant the fit. The soles are made of the finest English Sole Leather and Pegged Gaiters of all descriptions made for ladies in the most approved style. Call and see us at our shop, on Five points, in front of the Theatre, if you want the finest and best fitting Boots in the city.

WANTED—Five first-class Boot Makers. None others need apply. G. HUGHES & SON.

apr2-dtm

BILL-HEADS, LABELS, LETTER-HEADS, and in fact every variety of Mercantile Printing done at THE CONSTITUTION Job Office. Call and see us.

PAY YOUR TAXES!

AFTER the 20th instant, I am instructed by the Council to close the Books, and issue Double Tax Executions against defaulters—this I shall certainly do. Pay promptly, and save yourself costs, time and trouble.

FRANK H. RYAN,
sep2-dtillsept1 Receiver and Collector.

$10,000 GUARANTEE.

BUCK LEAD Excels all other LEAD!

1st. For its Unrivaled Whiteness,
2d. For its Unequaled Durability,
3d. For its Unsurpassed Covering Property.
Lastly, for its Economy.

☞ It COSTS LESS to paint with BUCK LEAD than any other White Lead extant. The same weight covers more surface, is more durable, and makes WHITER WORK.

BUCK LEAD, is the Cheapest and Best.

$10,000 GUARANTEE.

BUCK ZINC Excels all other ZINCS.

1st. For its Unequaled Durability.
2d. For its Unrivaled Whiteness.
3d. For its Unsurpassed Covering Property.
Lastly, for its Great Economy.

being the Cheapest, Handsomest, and most Durable White Paint in the world.

BUY ONLY

BUCK LEAD AND BUCK ZINC.

Try It and be Convinced.

Satisfaction Guaranteed by the Manufacturers,

Buck Cottage Colors,

Prepared expressly for Painting COTTAGES, OUT BUILDINGS of every description, FENCES, etc. THIRTY-FIVE DIFFERENT COLORS. Durable, Cheap, Uniform, and Beautiful shades.

Sample cards sent by mail if desired.

Dealers' Orders will be promptly executed by the manufacturers.

FRENCH, RICHARDS & CO.,

N. W. Cor. Tenth and Market Streets,

PHILADELPHIA.

For sale by

PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO.,
feb20-dly Atlanta, Ga.

SOUTHERN DYE HOUSE.

A. E. SHULHAFER'S NEW YORK MILLINERY STORE, No. 67 Whitehall Street, Empire Block,

IS AGENT FOR IN THIS CITY,

Where orders may be left for any description of work in our line.

General Office Cor. Washington and Broad Sts., and Dye Works 79 and 81 Ellis Street, Augusta, Ga.

We respectfully beg to infor the public that we are NOW ready to do DYEING and CLEANING of all kinds of SILKS, VELVETS and RIBBONS, WOOLEN GOODS, ALPACAS, WORSTED GOODS and GENTS' CLOTHING, KID GLOVES, CURTAINS, LACES, CRAPE SHAWLS, etc., in all colors. Also, Gents' Clothing Repaired and Altered.

First-class work or no pay.

BLASCOW & BEROUD,
French Dyers.

UNIVERSAL LIFE INS. CO.

—NEW YORK—

The Original Joint-Stock Life Ins. Co. of the United States.

The business of this Company is EXCLUSIVELY confined to the Insurance of first class healthy lives.

THE DISTINCTIVE FEATURE

of the *Stock* system of Life Insurance, as opposed to the *Mutual*, is a low rate of premium for a stated sum insured, which is IMMEDIATE, SECURED and CERTAIN; in lieu of a high rate of premium with a promised dividend, which is DISTANT, CONTINGENT and UNCERTAIN; this so-called d

The Daily Constitution.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY.

THE LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION.

DEFIES REFUTATION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.

I. W. AVERY, Editor.

Morning Edition.

Atlanta, Ga., September 16, 1870.

FOR CONGRESS,

(SEVENTH DISTRICT,)

Gen. P. M. B. Young,

OF BARTOW.

☞ General John C. Brown has been nominated by acclamation for Governor of Tennessee as the Democratic candidate.

We know him personally, and he is well worthy of the honor. He is a sterling gentleman, with brains, integrity, courage and judgment.

The Democratic Committee Meeting.

General Colquitt has called a meeting of the Democratic Executive Committee in Macon, on Tuesday, the 27th of this month. This was in consequence of Judge Stephens' declaration of the invalidity of his election, and the resulting vacancy in the chairmanship of the Committee, and in response to the suggestion that he was the only and the proper person to make the call.

The day of meeting was at a suitable time to allow all the members to get the notice.

We may be permitted to express the trust that all the members of the Committee will endeavor to be present. If the members accept the position, it is their duty to attend the meeting. If they do not mean to give attention to their duties, they should resign, that men can be appointed who will do so.

Let us have no more balks in organization. Let us have a full meeting, and action after the united deliberation of the whole body.

The Sale of the State Road.

We are rapidly drifting to the conclusion that the people of Georgia should *en masse* demand the immediate adjournment of the present Legislature. Scarcely is one iniquitous measure killed before another is sprung. One deviltry is hardly cold before another is hatched. The people are trembling all the time in anticipation of wrong legislation. The Governor is in collusion with every vile conspiracy against the prosperity of the State. The lobbies are besieged by unscrupulous adventurers with wicked schemes to bribe through, or trick through, or force through by unholy combinations. If the honesty of the body is all right on a question, the strongest fears are rife that its sagacity will be at fault. Expensive time is consumed in discussing measures that bear the stamp of rascality so strongly that they should be killed instantly, with condemnation for the author.

Prolongation was scotched after long and painful suspense. The gold bond robbery had a wearisome agitation, resulting in its death.

And to-day we have a new outrage to fight in the shape of a bill to sell the State Road, worth eight or ten millions, for the pitiful sum of five million dollars. Two or three men are besieging the Legislature, making, we understand, unlimited promises, and intriguing openly.

We say that the proposition bears wrong on its very face. The man who could vote for this contract is liable to suspicion. The idea of deliberately selling this valuable and magnificent piece of property, that cost over six millions originally, and has enhanced in value with other property, for one million less than it cost, is so preposterous and heinous that the man who introduced it should have a vote of censure for thus playing into the hands of speculators.

It is a stupendous job. The fortunate parties who could make such a purchase could well afford to scatter a prospective million among impecunious members and corruptible journals to push the matter through. The smell of corruption is rank. Down with this sale, do we say, promptly and indignantly.

The labyrinthine intricacies of Radical juggling no honest man can fathom. A perfect network of vile plots encompasses this Assembly for the injury of the State. Wicked plans are started as a mere blind to others more or less wicked. Vile things are sprung to force a compromise on less vile ones. The very concentrated and combined powers of the most scampish jugglery are working like bees, with keen ingenuity, restless and untiring activity and wary skill, to put through the most desperate and abominable schemes.

Hence, the people feel thet there is no safety save in adjournment. A weak place may be struck. A lucky combination may be successful. Thoughtless innocents may be duped. The danger comes in so Protean a form that it would puzzle any perception to spy it.

How closely this sale is connected with other Radical levy of half a million for the State Road in time for the election is yet to be seen.

But this sale won't do.

Spurgeon on the War Path.

That original and unique preacher, Spurgeon, has lately made one of his characteristic fulminations. The European war has exercised him to that extent that he has addressed a letter to Napoleon and King William, in which he takes those bellicose gentlemen tartly to task for their little quarrel and scrimmage.

Spurgeon rises above the nice questions of Court diplomacy and sticks to his Bible-taught humanity. He is eminently practical. He makes a stiff argument, *ad hominem*, that will bear reproduction. He thus quoths:

Did either of you ever think of what war means? Did you ever see a man's head smashed, or his bowels ripped open? Why, if you are made of flesh and blood, the sight of one poor wounded man, with the blood oozing out of him, will make you feel sick. I don't like to drown a kitten; I can't bear even to see a rat die or any animal in pain. But a man! where's your hearts if you can think of broken legs, splintered bones, heads smashed in, brains blowed out, bowels torn, hearts gushing with gore, ditches full of blood, and heaps of limbs and carcasses of mangled men?

Do you say my language is disgusting? How much more disgusting must the things themselves be! And you make them! How would you like to get a man into your place garden and run a carving knife into his bowels or cut his throat? If you did that you would deserve to be hanged; but it would not be half so bad as killing tens of thousands, and you know very well that this is just what you are going to do. Do you fancy that your drums and fifes, and feathers and fineries and pomp, make your wholesale murder one whit the less abominable in the sight of God? Do not deceive yourselves; you are no better than the cut-throats whom your own laws condemn.

Better? why, you are worse, for your murders are so many. Think, I pray you, for your poor people will have to think whether you do or no. Is there so little want in the world that you must go trampling on the harvest with your horses and men? Is there so little sorrow that you must make widows by the thousand? Is death so old and feeble that you must hunt his game for him, as jackals do for the lion? Do you imagine that God made men for you to play with? Are they only meant for toys for you to break? O Kings, a ploughman tells you that their souls are as precious in God's sight as yours; they suffer as much pain when bullets pierce them as ever you can do; they have homes, and mothers and sisters, and their deaths will be as much wept over as yours, perhaps more.

How can you sit down to eat when you have caused war? Does not the blood rise in your throat and choke you? Or are you only devils with crowns on? Creatures who were never suckled at a woman's breast, and therefore have no human feeling? It will be hard for you to think of the blood you have shed when you lie dying, and harder still to bear the heavy hand of God when he shall cast all murderers into hell. Whichever it is of you that has been the cause of this wicked war, I say you smell of blood; you ought to be more hated than the common hangman, and instead of being called "His Majesty," you ought to be hooted as a demon.

Poor Washburne.

WASHINGTON, September 12.—Minister Washburne is in disgrace at the State Department, and he has been informed by Secretary Fish that the manner in which he expressed his sentiments at the formation of the French Republic was highly undiplomatic. The impression is that Mr. Washburne became entirely too wild, and in his enthusiasm at the formation of the Republic permitted his diplomatic character to be overshadowed by his personal views and feelings. This is distasteful to Mr. Fish, and also to the President, neither of whom desired to be swift in the recognition of the French Republic. They prefer to wait a little longer, to see what new political features may be developed, for they are not sure that King William will not see fit to restore Napoleon to the French throne.

A hasty recognition of the French Republic might place the United States in a somewhat embarrassing position; and Mr. Washburne, it will be remembered, was exceedingly enthusiastic, and made quite a speech to the populace; and Mr. Fish wants it understood that he did not speak authoritatively, and that his utterances must not be taken as the well-considered views of his government. Mr. Washburne, it is well known, is a special pet of the President, and the latter did not like to bear down upon him too hard, but Secretary Fish persuaded him that Washburne's utterances required to be corrected, if not absolutely to be contradicted. In fact, it has transpired that no decided stand was taken by our government on the subject of the war, but that the dispatches to Minister Bancroft and other foreign Ministers were of a very equivocal nature.—*Special to the Courier-Journal.*

The undiplomatic Washburne seems to have put his foot in it. The truth is, that the tough old curmudgeon has about as much fitness for a diplomatic mission as an ox has to handle crockery. The old fellow was said to be very honest as a Congressman, and made many fine fights against crusades on the Treasury. He was a blustering, hard-hitting pugilist, an adept in hard words, using knotty rhetoric and good double-jointed logic, but having just as few of the nice qualities that go to make the "get-up" of a foreign minister as any living man.

We imagine the rough old republican gogoing off half cocked, in a perfect blaze of anti-monarchical enthusiasm, sloshing around with the *sans-culottes* of the French capital, reading patriotism in their drunken phrenzy over revolution, and shaking his venerable coat-tail in absolute spasms of undiplomatic abandon.

Grant seems unfortunate in his selection of Minister. Motley took to junketing with English Lords, with the Alabama Claims stowed away sepulchrally in his breeches pocket. Don Juan Sickles is flirting in the Spanish suburbs with black-eyed petticoats, while Washburne caps the climax by rollicking over red republicanism with a Jacobinical French mob to the tune of chaos, license and violence to the most sacred monarchical associations of the nation.

Go it, Washburne.

Gilmer County Meeting.

ELLIJAY, GA., September 6, 1870.

Notice having been given of a public meeting to be held to-day, a respectable number of citizens assembled in the court-house, when, upon motion of N. L. Osborn, Colonel J. Picket was made chairman, who requested James Sharp and N. R. Osborn to sit with him, W. R. Welch being chosen secretary.

Colonel Picket explained the object of the meeting to be the organization of the Democratic party of the county, and to take preliminary steps for the selection of candidates to be run for Congress and the State Legislature.

H. R. Foote then moved the appointment by the chair of a committee of five to prepare business for the action of the meeting. The chair appointed H. R. Foote, John Watkins, John P. Cobb, Wm. C. Allen and N. L. Osborn, to whom N. L. Cooper, on motion, was added.

The committee having retired, T. F. Greer moved that R. R. Hunt address the meeting, who responded to this call in remarks upon the condition of the people and the action of the Radical party, in a patriotic appeal to the people, by prudence and unanimity, disregarding everything but a true regard for their own interests, to secure a change of rulers and measures.

The committee coming in, Dr. Hunt closed his remarks, and Mr. Cooper read the following preamble and resolutions, viz:

The usurpations, extravagance, reckless expenditures and repeated violation of the constitution by the party in power have given just cause for the people to believe that with as liberty is but an empty name, and that if we intend to restore that great blessing, it is necessary now, by the use of the ballot-box, to make the attempt, and by the election of true men to restore to ourselves our ancient prosperity, welfare and happiness. To secure success in this effort, we resolve—

1. That we will support no man for office who will not pledge himself to stand firmly by the constitution and the Union of the States, and if elected to either branch of the State Legislature or Congress, that he will in every proper way endeavor to reduce the pay of members to a reasonable and just sum, according to the pecuniary and impoverished condition of the people.

2. That we are for equal taxation and an economical administration of the government; and to bring about these two things a change of rulers is indispensable; and it is therefore a duty we owe our ancestors, ourselves and our posterity, to make the change, and to see to it we elect honest and capable men for office.

3. That in our form of government all grades of officers are but the servants of the people, and are, by the language of our constitution and laws, elected for limited periods therein set forth; we therefore regard the recent attempt by the Legislature and Governor of the State to prolong their terms of office beyond this prescribed limit as a gross and unpardonable wrong, and that it deserves, and receives, our unqualified condemnation.

4. That to secure a united effort by the lovers of liberty in this county to elect their choice, it is necessary to select proper persons to be run for Representative and Senator; we therefore request all opposed to the errors and wrongs of the rulers, that be in the several districts of the county, to meet together on Saturday, the 24th day of September, the present month, and select three delegates each to attend a meeting to be held in Ellijay on Monday the 26th following, to nominate a candidate for the Representative branch, and to assist such delegates as may be sent from Fannin and Pickens counties to said meeting, to be run for the Senate—the district meeting to instruct their delegates as to their preference, but if their choice should not prove to be the favorite of the meeting, then to exercise their best judgment in making a selection.

5. That this meeting appoint three delegates with the privilege of appointing proxies to attend the convention to be held in Gainesville, on the 21st instant, to nominate a candidate, or candidates, to be run for the unexpired portion of the term of the present, and for the next term, of Congress.

6. That the Secretary of this meeting be requested, in the best way he can, to notify the people of the counties of Fannin and Pickens opposed to the errors and wrongs of the party in power of the time and place set apart by us for making a Senatorial nomination, and to request them to send delegates to said meeting.

Colonel Pickens and Dr. John Watkins being called for, each addressed the meeting in a sound, argumentative and patriotic style that elicited the applause of the meeting, after which a motion was made to adopt the preamble and resolutions; and that it might be known who was for, and who against them, it was proposed that all for their adoption should rise to their feet. The result was every man in the meeting—Union man, Republican and Democrat—nearly rose at once to his feet and adopted the resolutions.

The Chair, with the approbation of the meeting, appointed Drs. E. W. Watkins and R. R. Hunt, and Joseph Chastain, delegates to the Gainesville Convention.

It was then, on motion

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

The meeting then, on motion, adjourned.

JOSEPH PICKET, Chairman.

W. B. WELCH, Secretary.

Georgia News.

Barnesville is to have a bakery.

There is not a vacant dwelling house in Columbus.

New corn is selling in Calhoun at fifty cents per bushel.

The census returns of Athens put the population at 4,251.

Many persons have volunteered to tell us what ails Hannah, but no one tells us what is the matter with Amos Akerman.

Major H. K. Daniels, of Milledgeville, died suddenly while on a visit to Sumter county last week.

We are glad to learn that the Democrats of Echols have unanimously determined to return the Hon. R. W. Phillips to the next House of Representatives.

Berry Williams, 15th amendment, shot and killed Simon Greer, another darkey, in Baldwin county, last week. Both belonged to the B. K. K.

Senator Holcombe is the Landwehr of the people's cause, and it is not within the power of friend or foe to drive him from his own convictions of duty.

Joseph Godwin, of Richmond county, struck Mr. Nathan Wheeler, an aged gentleman, on Monday, with a stick, inflicting serious if not fatal injuries. Godwin is in jail.

Sam Shaw, a freedman, killed nine rattlesnakes on Monday morning, the 12th instant, on Mr. Thos. Crawford's plantation, on Middle River, in Clarke county, and it wasn't much of a day for snakes either.

Schemes are on foot in the city of Savannah to out-vie all previous falls in the way of amusement and entertainments, hops, etc. Private *re-unions* and other innocent recreations are being gotten up, with a view to a lively fall and winter season.

A small son of Mrs. Malinda Persons, of Barnesville, aged ten or twelve years, had his heel so severely crushed by the trunnel head of the band wheel, while ginning cotton, as to necessitate amputation on Thursday last. We are glad to learn that he is doing well.

The amount of latent engineering ability in Savannah is surprising. Of the seven hundred visitors on the graveyacke and "Mrs. Stowe" pavement, on Bay street, five hundred were practical engineers and knew exactly what should be done to make the work effective.

At the Georgetown (D. C.) College are the following pupils from Georgia: C. A. Clayton, S. H. Cohen, H. C. Cohen, J. Jones Gardiner, J. C. Gardiner, P. F. Henry and Charles Mullen, from Augusta, H. J. Lamar, from Macon, and J. J. Lynch from Atlanta.

The city of Columbus has purchased a third-class steam fire engine for $5,000, which is to be taken charge of by Company No. 5. It is to be exhibited at the Georgia State Fair at Atlanta. The contractor writes that it will be the finest engine ever constructed in the United States. It is to be called, and have the name lettered on it, "Old Rock," the soubriquet of General Benning in the army. It will also have upon it a full-size photograph of the General.

The Savannah News publishes the following card from Mr. Julius Kaufman: Having been informed by a responsible gentleman from Atlanta, that my name was on a petition which was read in the House of Representatives a few days since, favoring the Campbell bill, I desire to say that a petition was handed to me which was represented to favor the increase of the magistrates' and constables' fees, which I approved of, and with that understanding signed my name to the same. If any other heading was placed on said petition, it did not meet with my consent or approval, therefore it was a fraud committed upon me. I am opposed to any alteration of our city election laws.

The Citizens' Meeting Wednesday Night.

Editors Constitution: I have read with pleasure the proceedings of the public meeting last night, in reference to the vacant grounds near the Passenger Depot, in this city. It was a spontaneous outburst of the feelings of the bone and sinew of Atlanta upon this subject. The course of Atlanta is onward. She has stripped for the race and no old fogy notions can keep her back. The spirit of the times is improvement. Let the grounds referred to, which have so long been vacant and an eye-sore to Atlanta, be improved. As I understand it is admitted by Counsel for the city, that if the Mitchell heirs fail in their ejectment suit now pending, the city can never build upon the grounds.

Then why not settle this case that every one in Atlanta is sick of, and let improvements move forward. To build up and improve this property will benefit the whole of Atlanta. It will increase the value of real estate from center to circumference. It will increase the value of property on Decatur, Alabama, Lloyd and Whitehall streets, adjacent to this property, fifty per cent. It will increase the value of property even on the outskirts of Atlanta, ten per cent. It is a mistaken idea to suppose that fine buildings will injure any part of a city. To think so is an old cross-roads grocery idea. It is iron-front, stone-front and marble-front buildings that make a city. The more the better. Therefore, down with the idea that buildings in Atlanta will be an injury to the place.

The city has realized all that she expected to when she bought out the grounds of the Macon and Western Railroad Depot. She purchased the depot site to get rid of a blockade of freight cars across some of her main streets. That object has been accomplished. She can use the property no further. Let her, then, be as liberal as Mr. Samuel Mitchell was when he donated the property. The city cannot use it. Let the children of Mr. Mitchell reimburse the city for what money she has paid out—principal and interest—and take the property. This is fair, honest and just.

The taxes in a few years will doubly reimburse the city for all imaginary value that she may attach to the property. It will be immediately put upon the market, and untold good will emanate from this new Valuation property, bringing work to the mechanic and laborer, trade to the merchant, and adding new life and energy to our whole city. All that the city needs; all that she should ask, and all that justice and honor would give her would be to pay her back what money she has expended in getting the Macon and Western Railroad Depot removed.

VOX POPULI.

GEORGIA LEGISLATURE.

HOUSE.

NIGHT SESSION.

THURSDAY, September 15, 1870.

The House met at 8 P. M.

Mr. Harper, of Terrell, offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the names of the three locomotive engines now running on the State Road, known as the "Gov. Bullock," "Benjamin Conley," and "Foster Blodgett," be so changed as hereafter to be called the "Campbell Wallace," "John W. Lewis," "W. M. Wadley"—the change to remain valid till said road shall pay some money into the State Treasury, or be given to the New York ring.

This resolution the Speaker refused to entertain.

Mr. Lastinger offered a resolution, that in future this House hold two sessions daily, to-wit: from 9 A. M. to 1 P. M., and from 3 P. M. to 5 P. M.

Mr. Turnipseed offered a resolution as a substitute for Mr. Lastinger's resolution, providing that hereafter there shall be but one session per day, to-wit: from 9 A. M. to 1½ P. M.

Mr. Page moved to amend Mr. Turnipseed's resolution by substituting 2 instead of 1½ o'clock.

Mr. Turnipseed accepted the amendment, and the resolution was adopted.

Mr. Harper, of Terrell, moved to adjourn until 9 A. M. to-morrow. Lost.

The unfinished business of the morning session, to-wit: the Savannah bill, was resumed.

The Speaker pro tem. stated that the previous question had been called on the substitute offered by Mr. Shumate.

At the request of Mr. Lane, the said substitute was read for information.

Mr. Simms rose to a question of privilege and stated that this substitute had been altered since it was introduced in the morning.

The Speaker *pro tem.* stated that the resolution had not been changed.

The call for the previous question was sustained.

On the motion to adopt, the yeas and nays were demanded, with the following result:

Yeas 50, nays 39.

So the substitute offered by Mr. Shumate was adopted.

[This substitute provides for six ballot-boxes at the Court-house; each box to be presided over by one Justice of the Peace and two freeholders; all these Justices and freeholders to consolidate the vote in presence of witnesses; the poll tax of one dollar to be abolished and one dollar to be paid to the Clerk of Council in lieu thereof. The time of residence of voters to be six months in the State and three months in the city.]

The bill to carry into effect the true intent of the 3d paragraph of the 3d section, 5th article of the constitution of Georgia, relating to filing defense in civil cases founded on contracts, was read the third time.

Mr. Scott opposed the adoption of the bill except the section allowing attorneys to file pleas, etc. He argued that the other sections were intended to defraud plaintiffs by allowing defendants to file frivolous pleas.

Messrs. Harper, of Terrell, and Anderson, advocated the bill.

The previous question on the passage of the bill was called and sustained.

The main question was put and the bill was passed.

Mr. Lane moved to take up a bill to extend the lien of set-off and recoupment as against debts contracted prior to June 1st, 1865, and to deny the aid of the courts to the said debts until the taxes thereon have been paid, and have two hundred copies of the said bill printed, and the same set down as a special order for Wednesday next.

On this motion, the yeas and nays were demanded, with the following result—yeas 36, nays 51.

The bill was then read a third time.

Mr. Hall, of Meriwether, stated that the bill to extend additional aid to the Macon and Brunswick Railroad had been before the Finance Committee and was about to be reported on adversely. Its friends promised to withdraw it if no report was made, and now they have had it referred to another committee.

Pending Mr. Harper's argument on the relief bill, the House adjourned until 9 A. M. to-morrow.

Political.

The smiling Colfax is announced for a series of farewell grins previous to his final retirement from the cachinatory stage, commencing at Peru on the 14th instant, and ending at Laporte, October 1.

The Prohibitionists of the Eighth Ohio District, to the number of fifty delegates, in convention at Delaware, on Wednesday, nominated Colonel J. W. Lindsey for Congress. He is a thorough Republican, with ultra prohibition principles.

Parke Goodwin, formerly Mr. Bryant's associate on the New York Evening Post, and now editor of Putnam's Monthly, has been suggested as Hamilton Fish's successor in the Foreign Office. Not being informed as to the amount he has at any time "contributed," we are not able to give a decided opinion as to his chances, at present.

The Philadelphia Press avers that the rumor that the Hon. Wm. D. Kelley would stump Ohio has caused a panic among the Free Traders and Democrats of the State. To which the Columbus Journal adds: "The panic is not confined to Free Traders and Democrats by any means. There are plenty of good protective tariff men who would willingly go to San Francisco or the Sandwich Islands to avoid hearing Kelley speak. Send him to Kentucky. We hate Kentucky."

The St. Clairsville (Ohio) Gazette says: "A few days ago a prominent Republican on our streets, who claimed to have been employed by the Government in the secret service, denounced John A. Bingham as being rotten from the soles of his feet to the crown of his head, and said that Bingham was not striving for Congress for the mere pittance of the $5,000 salary—that he now held $90,000 in bonds for his votes giving away the lands of the people to corrupt land-grabbers by way of railroad subsidies. He said he knew of what he spoke, and that the people were fools to vote for him if they had any regard for their interests."

Cluseret.

The cable gave, through yesterday's World, a brief account of the summary vengeance which the people of Paris took upon the Marseillaise for publishing an incendiary article written by one Cluseret against the new Republic and its chief executive officers. It appears that the people broke the forms which contained his treasonable article, and burned all the papers they could find which contained it.

This Cluseret is not unknown to many people in the United States. He came here at the commencement of the secession movement, and was attached for some time to the personal staff of General Fremont. He derives the title of "General" from the fact that he was selected as one of the brigadier generals, of which so large a number were appointed in 1861 and 1862, but no commission was ever issued to him.

When a great body of the Republican party resolved, in 1864, to no longer support Lincoln, and called the Cleveland Convention in opposition to the Baltimore Convention of the administration, Cluseret was appointed to the editorial management of the New Nation, which had been established by the disaffected Republicans. Lincoln turned to General Butler to effect, through treachery, the ruin of the Cleveland movement, and Butler found a willing tool in the person of Cluseret. Though Cluseret's treason was early discovered, and he kicked out of the editorial chair, such was the demoralization which was produced, that he was practically successful, and enabled his employer, Butler, to earn his reward, the command of the army of the James, *till after election*, when Grant sent him packing to Lowell.

Cluseret soon after returned to Paris, but getting into trouble with the Imperial Government was soon compelled to leave. He returned to this city, and very recently was buying hay for shipment to France. His career will, doubtless, soon come to an end if the people of Paris get hold of him.

Cluseret writes with considerable vigor, but he is a chronic traitor to whoever may trust him. He was offered a good position in the army of the Republic, but wanted a better one, which he did not get; hence his denunciations. While editor of the New Nation he wrote a series of military criticisms which showed him to be in active sympathy, if not in the pay, of the Confederates.—*World.*

RUMORED INTERMEDIATION.—The existence of an understanding between the United States, Russia and Italy, looking to a termination of the war, is mentioned.

The Iron-Clad Oath in Georgia.

Hon. Sam. Randall, chairman of the Democratic Committee, sent the following dispatch to certain parties in Georgia on Saturday: "No member of Congress who can not take the iron-clad oath will be admitted. Mr. Stephens' advice will be fatal if followed. We respectfully urge the nomination of only such as can take that oath."

In this connection the assertion is reiterated by advices received here from different points of the State that the views of Judge Stephens, chairman of the State Democratic Committee, are not absolute as a measure of guidance for the nominations by the convention, and are not intended to be so by that gentleman and those who coincide with him, who are willing to co-operate with others attached to opinions more in keeping with those expressed in the telegram above quoted. It is considered certain that the Conservatives of Georgia do not intend to allow such a suicidal policy to be pursued as to nominate and elect men to Congress who will not be permitted to take their seats.—*Washington Dispatch to Nashville Banner.*

LATEST FROM THE PRUSSIAN HEADQUARTERS.—OSTEND, September 11.—The latest intelligence from the Prussian headquarters is, that in reply to the propositions, made through the Austrian Legation, King William declares that he will listen to propositions of peace only in the Tuileries and from the Imperial Government of France.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, September 15.—Cox will be gone three weeks.

Revenue from beverages this July exceeds that of July of last year, one million and a quarter.

FROM THE SEAT OF WAR.

FRANCE.

PARIS, September 15.—The French troops who entered Baden territory will remain and operate on German soil. Reinforcements have been sent them.

Trochu's address to the Gardes Nationale, and the result of the review was very gratifying, and assured that the defense of the city would be admirably maintained. Paris is ready to sacrifice all in order to give France time to organize for irresistible defense.

Last night the Parisians were awakened by a tremendous cannonading all along the ramparts; the excitement was allayed by the information that the troops were practicing.

The shops are nearly all closed—the masters and employees drilling.

Lord Lyons warns English residents to leave the city while they may.

The Place Dela Concord is filled with cavalry and the national guard.

The Prussians have been discovered firing, with rifles, from a secluded place at Balloon.

A large number of French Turcos are camped at Montmantrie.

The Prussians to-day camped at Croix Aux Bois, Gartens, Glas Asi and Fontaine, near the city.

The Uhlans appeared at Nogent Sur Seine, but retreated before the people.

Many large Prussian siege guns are imbedded in the mud in the Canal De La Marne on the Rhine.

The Germans attempted to transport guns by this canal, and the French let out the water. It is said that the siege will be delayed for some time in consequence.

The forts at Lyons are completed, and troops are arriving there daily. The guns are all in position.

Large sums of money have been subscribed throughout France for the defense of Paris.

Large forces are organizing for every department.

A party of American volunteers passed Tours to-day, for Paris.

The conscripts of the regular army are drilling daily.

The Prussian dragoons have appeared before Nogent, Sur Marne, Calinas, Senlis, Crespegny, Ralgis, Manteuil, Plessy and Lendan, small towns northeast, east and southeast of Paris.

The National Guard is being organized throughout France.

Trochu in an order to-day says that seventy thousand men on the ramparts, by persevering efforts, may save Paris.

The city is unapproachable if its defenders are properly armed.

The Counsellors of State have been temporarily suspended of their authority.

Foreign Diplomats still in Paris.

The Prussians are still swarming around Nancy.

The Gaulois has reason to predict happy results from pending peace negotiations.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, September 15.—A dispatch, dated Cassel, says: The Emperor spends his mornings in making long excursions. His guard consists of one officer, two subalterns, one trumpeter and thirty-one men.

The Empress and Louis make constant excursions around Hastings. Carriages are never used.

The Paris fashion journals have suspended.

Mourning is now generally worn in Paris and Berlin.

The ship wrecked on the Goodwin Sands was the Elisha Rockman.

The Pope has received an explanatory letter from Victor Emanuel stating that delay on his (Emanuel's) part would have led to the proclaiming of a republic in every Italian city.

Emanuel's soldiers would not have Republicans.

The result would have been fatal to Papacy.

Republicanism is so rampant that it may yet prove irrepressible.

A cataract has been discovered in British Guina, South America, that dwarfs Niagara.

SPAIN.

MADRID, September, 15.—Rivero is sick. His resignation is expected. Rodriguise will probably succeed him.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, September 15.—The Sultan has withdrawn his objection to the Khedive's latest loan.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, September 15.—The city authorities request the United States to take charge of the removal of Farragut's remains hither for burial. In the event of a refusal the city authorities will arrange a magnificent funeral pageant.

The Herald's special, dated at St. Dennis yesterday, says the Prussians are approaching in thousands.

A close calculation of the Prussian force is four hundred thousand.

There is great agitation here.

In Paris to-day, Thiers read further instructions, and hopes are entertained of a successful result.

A special Cable to the Herald, dated at Bouillon, Belgium, September 15, 4 P. M., says that Sedan has been placed in a state of siege, the Mayor arrested, and the population expelled. The Prussians apprehend the approach of Bazaine's army, which is reported to have escaped from Metz, and even said to have reached Carignan.

VIRGINIA.

RICHMOND, September, 15.—Statistics of revenue show that the amount of chewing tobacco manufactured in this city in 1869 was 15,021,000 pounds, being double the amount manufactured the year before. The amount of smoking tobacco was 1,000,000 pounds, being one-fourth times as much as was manufactured the year before.

There has been no rain in this vicinity for seventy-two days.

LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS, September 15.—Galveston has established a quarantine of twenty-five days on all vessels going from New Orleans and Brashear City.

FLORIDA.

KEY WEST, September 15.—Brig Maria Wheeler arrived here from Pensacola for New York, leaking very badly.

FRANCE.

PARIS, September 15.—To-day the Prussians are advancing in an immense force. To-morrow the Capital will be completely isolated.

All the railroads are cut except the lines running west.

Gas connections will not be cut for a few days.

The gates of Paris will be closed to-morrow.

Over six million pounds of gunpowder in the city.

Sixteen bridges over the Seine have been destroyed.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, September 15.—The Pall Mall Gazette concurs in the general opinion that Thiers is without official character.

No further details of the Captain disaster.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, September 15.—The Chamber of Deputies opened to-day. Deputies from Bohemia are absent. Richseath convenes Friday.

CUBA.

HAVANA, September 15.—The Cable between Cuba and Jamaica is working.

Cholera ravages increasing in Havana.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ OBITUARY NOTICES.—ALL Obituary Notices will be charged at the rate of TWO CENTS A WORD. Cash must accompany the notices. aug24-dtf

WANTED—A GOOD BAKER AND CANDY MAKER. Good wages paid.

Apply to F. M. JACK.
sep15-d3t

☞ THE REASON WHY TICKETS sell so rapidly in H. K. HICKS & CO.'S GRAND RAFFLE AND SALE, is because the people are satisfied that it is no humbug, and that the property is just what it is represented to be.

Every man, woman and child in the whole country ought to secure a TICKET AT ONCE, for this great opportunity to secure a little fortune FOR ONE DOLLAR will soon close. We feel confident, with a little energy, all the tickets will be sold by the time specified.

"Do not trifle with the fickle goddess,
But secure her favors while you may."

Remember, your money is deposited, and will be returned if the Raffle does not come off

The Drawing will take place under the Supervision of six sworn Commissioners.

Send in your orders, at once, to

H. K. HICKS & CO.,
sep11 dim Calhoun, Ga.

ELECTION NOTICES.

We announce the name of GEORGE HILLYER as a candidate for the nomination by the Democratic party to the State Senate from this, the 35th District, embracing the counties of Fulton, Cobb and Clayton. MANY VOTERS.

September 12, 1870—dtll-1st-tuesday-in-oct

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE the name of Dr. C. L. REDWINE as a candidate for Senator from the 35th Senatorial District, embracing the Counties of Cobb, Fulton and Clayton, subject to the Democratic nomination.

sep16 dtf

New Advertisements.

DeGive's Opera House.

THREE NIGHTS,

Commencing Tuesday, Sept 20th.

SKIFF & GAYLORD'S MINSTRELS.

25 ARTISTS. 25

THE LAST SENSATION!

FOUR END MEN—TWO BONE PLAYERS—TWO TAMBORINISTS.

ALL ON THE STAGE AT THE SAME TIME!

Tickets at Phillips & Crew's.

sep16 d6t JOE MACK, Business Agent.

A VALUABLE PRIZE

To Be Raffled

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE

New Catholic Church.

A NEAT Frame Cottage with Brick Basement, just completed, on a lot measuring 51x145 feet. This property, which is very desirably located, and valued at three thousand dollars, has been contributed to the approaching Catholic Ladies' Fair by our charitable, generous and noble-hearted fellow-citizen, Mr. Peter Hugo; and as soon as the lists are filled, without waiting for the Fair to come off, the Raffle or Drawing will take place under the auspices of the following named Ladies: Mrs. M. H. Doody, Mrs. C. B. Madden and Mrs. E. J. McKeon.

Books in which chances may be entered at Five Dollars per chance, can be found at the following named places: Master Manchini's Office, Western and Atlantic Railroad; John McCaslin's Store, Decatur street; M. E. Kenny's Ale Depot, Pryor street; Dan Fleak's Business House, Alabama street; Daniel Lynch, Whitehall street; Peter Oelrich's, E. Vangoltsoven's, Myers, Redwine & Fox's and John Keely's. Sept. 15, 1870.

sep16-d3t

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

THE NEWTON PROPERTY.

I WILL sell upon the premises on TUESDAY, 20th instant, at 3 o'clock, P. M., Thirty-Eight

RESIDENCE LOTS,

Commencing at Elliott—the first street west of the state Road—and running west through Blocks 33, 32 and 31, on the new street (Newton) from Elliott to Hayne—running north to and parallel to Foundry.

These lots lie well for residences, and only one block west of the State Road, very near and convenient to the State Shop, Round House, Winship and Hoyt's Foundries and Hall's Factory; and in a part of the city where there are many houses, and where tenement houses command first-class rent-paying tenants.

Workingmen, who want homes convenient to business, with good titles, on accommodating terms, should procure a plat, select a lot and attend the sale. Will run hacks to and from the ground. Be there promptly at 3 o'clock.

Terms one-half cash; balance 6 and 12 months with interest.

G. W. ADAIR,
Real Estate Agent,
38 Alabama street.
sep16 dtw

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

Dabney Property.

I WILL sell on the premises at 4 o'clock, Tuesday evening, the 27th instant, THREE UNIMPROVED LOTS, 32x80 feet, on corner of Broad and Grubb streets. These Lots front east, and are in the very center of all the new and elegant improvements now being erected near the Capitol.

A 150, on lot 25x110 feet to an alley on east side of Peachtree street, fronting Powell's new Building and junction of Luckie street.

This is No 1 Business Property, and will be sold without reserve with perfect titles. Terms one-half cash; balance 1st January, with interest.

G. W. ADAIR,
Real Estate Agent,
No. 38 Alabama Street.
sep16-d3t

B. F. MOSES,

COTTON FACTOR AND Commission Merchant,

OFFERS his services to the public, and particularly to the patrons of the late firm of McDaniel, Strong & Co., for the storage and sale of Cotton and Commission. Liberal advances made on Consignments and Cotton store in Fire Proof Warehouses. For terms, which shall conform to the times, please correspond.

References—The two National Banks, and the leading Merchants of Atlanta. Office and sales room south-east corner Whitehall and Mitchell streets. sep16-d2w

PETITION FOR CHARTER.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.

TO the Honorable The Superior Court of said County.—The petition of Washington J. Houston, William P. Fatzilie, John H. Flynn, John M. Born, Jr., William Rushton, Thomas Spencer, Noah R. Fowler, R. C. Robson, John R. Wallace and Nathaniel J. Hammond, shows that they have associated together for the purpose of purchasing real estate in the City of Atlanta, building houses upon the same, and renting them out and for selling the same when the object of making gain for the Stockholders and cheapening rents, under the name of The Atlanta Real Estate Association, to transact its business in said Atlanta in said County, for and during the term of ten years, or a shorter term as may be determined upon by its Stockholders; that the Stock at present consists of Two Thousand shares of One Dollar each, which shares may be increased in number not exceeding Four Thousand as the Stockholders may determine upon each Share of Stock, each member holding the same shall pay One Dollar per month to the Treasurer of said Association, on or before a certain day of the month, to be fixed by the Association, which shall constitute the funds for doing its business aforesaid.

And they pray said Court that they and such other persons as may become associated with them, may be made a body corporate with all the rights and powers, and liabilities belonging to and attaching to corporation under the laws of Georgia.

N. J. HAMMOND,
Attorney for Petitioners.

A true extract from the minutes of said Court, this September, 1870.

W. R. VENABLE, Clerk.
sep16 d1w4w

GEORGIA, Gwinnett County.

AT the first regular Term of the Court, after the expiration of four weeks, application will be made to the Court of Ordinary of said county for leave to sell the land belonging to the estate of William Kirkland, deceased. This Sept. 12, 1870. WILLIAM KIRKLAND, Adm'r.

FANNIE KIRKLAND, Adm'tx.
sep16-w4w

ST. LOUIS LEAD AND OIL COMPANY,

MANUFACTURERS OF

STRICTLY PURE WHITE LEAD!

The Strictly Pure WHITE LEAD Manufactured by this Company is not excelled in Whiteness or Fineness by any in the World.

Linseed, Castor and Cotton Seed Oils.

Sold, wholesale and retail, by

REDWINE & FOX,
Druggists, Atlanta, Georgia.
sept15-d3m

CORRODERS AND GRINDERS —OF— Strictly Pure White Lead, DRY WHITE LEAD, —AND— RED LEAD And Litharge.

W. H. PULSIFER, President.

Office and Factory: Cor. Cass and

The Daily Constitution.

Atlanta, Ga., September 16, 1870.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Index to New Advertisements.

The Newton Property for Sale—G W Adair.
The Dabney Property for Sale—G W Adair.
Skiff & Gaylord's Minstrels—Next Tuesday Night.
A Valuable Prize to be raffled—For Benefit New Catholic Church.
Petition for Charter—N J Hammond.
Cotton Factor and Commission Merchant—B F Moses.
Letters of Administration—J T Lamkin.
Application to Sell Land—W Kirkland.

A TOURNAMENT exercise will come off this afternoon.

THAT excellent garden spot, the Gate City Nursery, is offered for rent. It is a fine place.

MAJOR GEORGE HILLYER and Dr. C. L. Redwine are announced as candidates for nomination as State Senators from this District.

MESSRS. TERHUNE & THOMAS have received the first shipment of hogs of the season, and will be glad to meet all their friends.

GAINESVILLE, in Hall county, is becoming a sort of Mecca, for many visit there to view the birth-place of a distinguished Georgian.

THE Masonic fraternity are requested to meet in their room at 8 o'clock this morning for the purpose of paying the last tribute of respect to a deceased brother.

THE United States District Court for the Northern District of Georgia adjourned yesterday until the third Monday in October next, unless otherwise ordered by Judge Erskine.

THE rumor that Chief Justice Joseph E. Brown would be a candidate for Congress, in this District, against General Young, is unfounded. We have good authority for making the statement.

A YOUNG lady left Atlanta yesterday morning, for a long journey, and took but one trunk with her. This is a new era. She is a sensible girl—we'll go our bottom dollar, if we had one, on that proposition.

TWO of the iron rafters of the passenger depot are in position. While one of the bars that connects the rafters together was being elevated to its position yesterday, it fell to the ground, but luckily no one was hurt.

COMMEND us to Messrs. Kuhn & Smith for good photographs. We have seen abundant specimens of their skill in taking photographic pictures, and take pleasure in saying that for high art they cannot be excelled anywhere.

THE belle of Atlanta left yesterday morning on a visit to the North. Nature seemed to weep in sympathy with the numerous swains who, sighing, bid her adieu at the cars. We wish her a pleasant trip, a safe journey, and a speedy return.

MR. DELL desires us to state that in his article Wednesday, in reply to "Atticus," he had no personal allusion to Colonel Hoge or Captain Jackson, as the article will show. He states this as he learns they are related to the one who claims to be "Atticus."

On Wednesday night Mr. R. L. McWhorter, Jr., was married to Miss Fannie A. McDaniel, daughter of P. E. McDaniel, Esq., by Rev. Dr. W. T. Brantly. The happy couple left for Greensboro yesterday morning. We tender them our hearty congratulations.

SOME native born Georgians yesterday, in the Senate, voted against inserting in the school bill any clause expressive of a preference for books published in Georgia, and yet before the people they will claim, as a reason why they should be supported, that they are native Georgians!

THE House, last night, passed a substitute for the Savannah bill. The friends of Savannah must have been dumbfounded and out-generaled or they would have been indefinitely postponed. When it reaches the Senate it should be immediately sentinelled, if it is not reconsidered and postponed this morning.

MR. N. H. POWELL, Secretary of the Citizens' Meeting at the City Hall, requests us to state that he thinks about one-fourth only of the meeting retired. While we regret to have to differ with our friend Noah, we stand by our report as correct.

A FRIEND, signing himself "Citizen," writes us that the statement made several days ago that Mr. Neal, of Warren, was one of the leaders of the bolters from the House was erroneous, and grew out of the fact that he went out for a few moments, but immediately returned and occupied his seat. We cheerfully give place to the correction.

GOLD FOR EVERYBODY.—Our friend Er Lawshe has just returned from New York with the biggest stock of jewelry on record. We have called on him several times since his return and have always found him busy opening boxes and taxes of fine watches, jewelry, patent coffee pots, and all the fine things that are kept in a first-class jewelry store.

THE Rome Commercial, in noticing the Congressional Convention at Cartersville, says:

"Mr. S. R. Hoyle, of Fulton, an old friend of our college boys, and afterwards a brilliant member of the University Law School, was in attendance on the Convention, yesterday, as a delegate from Fulton. Sam is a rising man and will soon be on the topmost round. He did very effective work at the Convention in Young's behalf, and should he so desire will make a shining record in the coming campaign."

OUR friend B. F. Moses, of the late firm of McDaniel, Strong & Co., offers his services to the cotton public and to the late patrons of that house. Mr. Moses is a man of large experience in cotton, having devoted some twelve years almost exclusively to that business. We have had many opportunities to observe him while a member of the late firm, and can conscientiously recommend him as a man of energy and untiring industry, and one who will devote himself most faithfully to the interests of his patrons. Correspond with him and you will hear something to your advantage.

HABEAS CORPUS.—Yesterday, M. H. Bentley was brought up before Hon. O. A. Lochrane, Judge of Fulton Superior Court, on a writ of habeas corpus. It will be recollected that Bentley killed Claiborne (colored), Representative from Burke county. The effort now is to get him out on bail. Evidence was heard yesterday. Bentley bears the reputation of a peaceable man. The case was submitted without argument, and Judge Lochrane announced that he would render a decision this morning in writing. The State was represented by Solicitor General E P Howell and John A. Stephens; Bentley by Hon. H. S. Fitch, Colonel J. B. Weems, Colonel W. H. Hulsey, Major S. B. Spencer.

A FRIEND has translated from the Courrier des Etats Unis the following paragraph. Who is the Swiss gentleman?

"We have received from a Swiss 'friend of the French,' residing in Atlanta, Georgia, a bale of cotton, with the request to remit that offering to Mademoiselle Othylie Bousson. The donor begs us also to offer to Mademoiselle Bousson the expression of his sympathy for her exertions and his admiration for her devotion to her noble work. We fulfill the request with pleasure, the more so that it gives us another opportunity of renewing our appeals in order that every one should contribute to the undertaking so generously pursued by Mademoiselle Bousson, whose efforts have produced such happy results. We appeal most particularly to our French population of the interior. We trust the example which comes from Atlanta will be followed, and expect important contributions from that source."

THE other evening an interesting scene occurred on one of our leading railroads. Most all railroad travelers at this point have seen Robert, the blind boy who plays upon the accordion. Well, Robert came into the train where was seated a large, well-built gentleman who is a member of the Legislature, and, by the cut of his clothes, was a Methodist preacher, and another gentleman. Both are men of means and liberal, withal. The latter said to the other, "I'll give him as much as you will." "Done," replied the preacher, pulling out five dollars and handing it to the blind boy. The other pulled out a five and raised it over. "I'll see you five better," said the preacher, handing over another bill. This was immediately covered by the gentleman. This continued until both had contributed about $20 each to the blind boy. About this time the cars stopped at the place of their destination and put an end to the generous rivalry. The gentleman who made the banter said he had one thousand dollars to give for that purpose before a member of the Legislature stepped into the car. Both are modest, unassuming men, and we omit their names. "Virtue is its own reward."

THE Radical conclave were in secret session yesterday. Captain Blodgett, High Priest offered up sacrifice for the sins of the State Road On Wednesday a resolution declaring the fact that an election would be held, and urging Republicans to organize, was adopted. Also, a resolution to call a State Convention to assemble in Atlanta on the 5th of October. Yesterday evening an adjourned meeting was held which was largely attended. The resolution calling a State convention here on the fifth of October was reconsidered. Attorney General Farrow introduced a resolution that a convention in each Congressional district be called to meet on the 8th of October to appoint members of a State central committee from their respective districts, who will assemble in Atlanta on the 10th of October, was adopted. A resolution urging Republicans throughout the State to organize forthwith, and nominate candidates for the General Assembly and county officers, was adopted. The committee recommend the passage of a bill changing the election laws to the next before Christmas, which change Akerman is said to approve. In the event such a bill is not passed, the election takes place on the ninth day of November.

RECEPTION OF NAPOLEON AT CASSEL.—A special to the New York World, dated Ostend, September 12, says The Morgan Zeitung, of Hesse Cassel, gives the particulars of the arrival of the Emperor at Cassel. He was accompanied by Generals Felix, Douay and Lebrun, as prisoners of war, on parole, and by a brilliant staff of French officers also on parole. The Prussian civil and military authorities of Hesse, in full uniform, received him at the station, with a company of Prussian infantry as a guard of honor, and a squad of hussars keeping back the people.

The Emperor, who was received with an Imperial salute, wore the uniform of a Lieutenant-General, but no sword. His breast was covered with orders, and he wore an undress scarlet cape. He is quite corpulent and looked very gray. The Empress is still at the Marine Hotel, at Hastings, attended by Ferdinand De Lesseps, Madame De Lesseps, and Madame Thiers. All the ladies of the Court who came with her Majesty to Belgium remained in that country.

LOSSES AND SUFFERINGS OF THE GERMANS.—There is no doubt the Germans were most fearfully crippled at Sedan. Their losses there are estimated in the advices of a neutral legation here, at nearly eighty thousand men disabled during four days of fighting. A malignant form of typhus has broken out among the German troops before Metz, accompanied with what is said to be the Asiatic cholera. The country is bare of food, and the issue of rations to the army on the march is so irregular that desertions on a considerable scale are taking place. The columns were moved away rapidly from the Belgian frontier on this account. These difficulties, which increase daily, are aggravated by the unrelenting hostility excited by heavy requisitions among the peasantry. Stragglers from the main body are mercilessly slain, and the war threatens to assume a truly horrible character if long protracted.

BRUSSELS, September 10.—At the present pace the army of the Prince Royal and the Bavarians should be in their designated positions around Paris on Wednesday next.

ENGLAND ASKS AN ARMISTICE.—The Gaulois reports that England, in the name of the neutral powers, asks King William for fifteen days' armistice. No reply has been received, but there are fair prospects of his assent.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, September 15.—Gold 14@14¼. Money active at 5@6. Sterling 9¼@9¾. Governments closed quiet; 1862s 107. Southerns dull and nominally steady.

Cotton weak; sales 2600 bales; uplands 49¾. Flour firmer; superfine $5 75@6 35; southern quiet, common to fair extra $5 15@5 90. Wheat quiet and irregular. Winter red and amber western 1 30@1 30. Corn firmer at 80@81. Beef quiet. Mess Pork active at 29 25. Lard 9½@. Cattle 10¼@10¾. Whisky lower at 86@87½. Groceries quiet and firm. Turpentine firm. Rosin steady. Tallow dull. Freights unsettled; flour, per sail 16d.

LATER.—Prime discounts 7@9. Gold opened with increased firmness at 14¾, and declined to 13¾ on heavier London quotations. Government bonds during the evening governments opened with an advance, but improvement was lost. 1862s 12¾; 1864s 11½; 1865's 12; new 10½; 1867s 62; 68s 10½; 40s 10¾. Tennessees 62¾; new 60. Louisianas 71; new 65½; Levees 75; 8s 86; Alabamas 100; 5's, 68; Georgias 83; 7's 90; North Carolinas 51½; new 29½; South Carolinas 89; new 68; Virginias 65; new 65½.

BALTIMORE, September 15.—Flour active. Wheat higher. Corn stronger; white 90@95; yellow 90. Pork 28 50@29 00. Bacon, shoulders 15¼. Whisky 91.

Cotton sales 109 bales; receipts 35; stock 940; middlings 10¾; market less active.

CINCINNATI, September 15.—Flour dull; family 5 25@5 50. Corn 78@80. Whisky 78@89. Lard 15. Bacon, shoulders 14⅜; clear sides 17¼@17⅝, outside figures.

ST. LOUIS, September 15.—Bagging steady at 29½@30. Flour dull. Corn steady at 67@70; yellow 72@73. Whisky 89. Pork 27 00. Bacon, shoulders 14¼; clear sides 18¼. Lard dull.

LOUISVILLE, September 15.—Bagging active at 29½. Flour quiet; extra family 5 25. Corn very dull and unchanged. Provisions quiet. Pork 27 00. Bacon, shoulders 14¾; clear sides 18. Lard 16¾. Whisky scarce at 88@89.

NEW ORLEANS, September 15.—Cotton sales 1,300 bales; net receipts 476; coastwise 7; total 403; stock 16,298; middlings 17¾@18; market active.

Flour easy; superfine 5 20; double 6 25; treble 6 70@7 00. Corn dull; mixed 90; white 91@92. Oats firmer; St. Louis 58@60; Galena 60. Bran 1 10. Hay scarce; choice 28 00@30 00. Pork, mess 28 00. Bacon, jobbing, 15¾@18@19¾; sugar-cured hams 24½. Lard, tierce 17¼@17½; refined 17¾@18¼; kegs 20½@21. Sugar dull; prime 13. Molasses, plantation 27@35. Whisky 90. Coffee, prime 17¾@17¾.

Sterling 25¼@26. Sight ¾ premium. Gold 13¾.

BOSTON, September 15.—Cotton sales 500 bales; receipts 1101; stock 3500; middlings 20¾; market quiet.

GALVESTON, September 15.—Cotton sales 75 bales; receipts 140; stock 4,728; good ordinary 15@15¼; market firm.

CHARLESTON, September 15.—Cotton sales 300 bales; net receipts 685; stock 2,150; middlings 17¾@17¾; market firm.

AUGUSTA, September 15.—Cotton easier; middlings 17⅛@17¼; sales 349; receipts 500.

MOBILE, September 15.—Cotton sales 150 bales; net receipts 170; exports coastwise 7 stock 10,408; middlings 17½; market steady.

SAVANNAH, September 15.—Cotton sales 150 bales; net receipts 550; stock 4999; middling 17¾@17¾; market active.

NORFOLK, September 14.—Cotton quiet; middlings 17½; net receipts 83; stock 433; exports coastwise 87.

LIVERPOOL, September 15—Evening—Cotton buoyant; uplands 9½; Orleans 9¾; sales 14,000; speculation and export 4,000. Prices at Manchester advance slowly in comparison with the price of cotton here. Corn 28s9d. Red western wheat 8s3d@8s3d; red winter 9s5d. Turpentine 33s.

Local and Business Notices.

WANTED.—Two first-class Bootmakers and one Fitter. Steady employment and tip-top wages. Apply to
sep16-d3t C. HUGHES & SON.

WANTED.—A good Baker and Candy-maker. Good wages paid. Apply to
sep15-dthursun F. M. JACK.

"BARRETT'S Hair Restorative.

"BARRETT'S" imparts new life.

"BARRETT'S" strengthens the hair.

"BARRETT'S" is celebrated.

"BARRETT'S" warranted, "Barrett's" warranted. sep13-d1w.

GIVE us a call before purchasing your Furniture, and you will *save money*.
RONDEAU & CO.,
sep11-d1w 15 Decatur street.

WE have a large and full stock of Furniture, which we are offering *remarkably low*.
RONDEAU & CO.,
sep11-d1w 15 Decatur street.

THE ORDEAL OF THE DAY.—A general order for Synodont. In the tooth of all opposition it has become the supreme destruction of the age.

No impurity can infest the teeth cleaned daily with Synodont. Quillay, the bark of the Chilian Soap Tree, an article which possesses cleaning properties superior to those of any other known substance, is one of the ingredients of this peerless compound. Sozodont is the only dentrifice in existence in which this salubrious botanical product is incorporated.

"SPAULDING'S GLUE," handy about the house, mends everything. sep13-d1w.

THE GRAND SURPRISE!—The gray-haired can hardly believe their eyes when they see their whitened locks restored to their pristine beauty by a clear and transparent fluid. Phalon's Vitalia, or Salvation for the Hair, is the article in question, and is free from any sediment.

Sold by all druggists and fancy goods dealers. sep13-deod1w.

THE ARGUMENT OF FACTS.—With the consent of the parties concerned, the following facts are made public: On the 23d of October last, Levi M. Phillips, civil engineer, residing in Harlem, was suffering from an obstinate and severe bilious affection, accompanied by great bodily weakness and utter loss of appetite. In compliance with the wish of a friend, (Mr. J. S. Latrobe, of 49 Amity Place, New York,) Mr. Phillips commenced taking Plantation Bitters. He had no faith, he said, but would "make the experiment." We give the result, as related by Mr. P. himself, at 53 Park Place, on the 30th of November. "I met Latrobe the other day in a restaurant," said he, and told him that the preparation saved my life. I say so now. I weigh fourteen pounds more than I did five weeks ago, am quite well, and as to eating—well, ask me to dinner and you'll see." Facts like these are worth a thousand assertions, and Mr. Phillips and his friend are at all times ready to indorse them.

"There is but one opinion in regard to SEA MOSS FARINE. All speak in its praise, and all like it. It is found to be a great favorite with all classes of our people, and will prove a great blessing to the poor. It is very cheap, and will go a long way." sep13-deod1w&wlt. [*Home Journal.*

A TAINTED ATMOSPHERE.—Malarious fevers are most prevalent in the fall. Heavy and unwholesome exhalations then arise from the earth, and the great disparity between the temperature of day and night predisposes the system, enfeebled by the summer heats, to epidemic diseases. The secretive organs, the liver especially, are apt, at this period of the year, to become inert and sluggish, and all the bodily powers require renovation. The best, indeed the only protection against the morbid influences of the season is a wholesome medicated stimulant. Pre-eminent among the restoratives of this class, and indeed foremost among the remedial and preventative medicines of modern times, stands Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Its reputation is co-extensive with the Western Hemisphere; it has been a standard article for twenty years; its sales (as may be ascertained by the revenue returns) are far larger than those of any other proprietary preparation on this continent; and the testimony in its favor embraces letters of approval from the most distinguished members of all the learned professions and from well known residents of almost every city in the Union. These are its credentials. To state what it is doing to prevent and assuage the sufferings of the human family would require more space than can be given to the subject here. The dyspeptic, the bilious, the nervous, the weak and emaciated, the desponding, the broken down, find in its renovating and regulating properties a sure and immediate means of relief. It is a pure vegetable specific, at once safe and potent, and for which the whole materia medica affords no substitute. sep13-deod1w&wlt.

"It's mity curis," said Mrs. Partington to Ike, while reading about the impending war in Europe, "that the Hollerhorn creates such an ado in Yurrup, when he's sich a common disease among the cattle in Amerikey." The old lady having delivered herself of the above, took a dose of Lippman's Great German Bitters to clear her depressed spirits and resumed her knitting.

Lippman's Bitters are for sale by all druggists and dealers. For sale by R. F. Weir, A. J. Weeks & Co., Pemberton, Taylor & Co., Wholesale Agents, Atlanta, Ga. aug24-dcwtf

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.—PIANOS AND MELODEONS.—George Cook & Co., Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga., are the sole agents in the Southern States. Mr. Wm. M. Shackleford, an experienced gentleman, superintends the Musical Department. Professional and Amateur Musicians will find it to their advantage to give us a call. Everything pertaining to the "Art Melodious," to be found here. Special attention paid to Tuning Pianos.
GEORGE COOK & CO.,
aug24-d1y Marietta street.

HAVE you a Cough? Have you Bronchitis? Have you Asthma? Have you Spitting of Blood? Have you Night Sweats? Have you Consumption? Have you any disease of the throat or lungs?

For the cure of any of these complaints, use Globe Flower Cough Syrup. It has made some of the most wonderful cures recorded in Medical Science, even when the patients were considered in the last stages of consumption. *Nil desperandum.*
PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO.
sept3-tf

IF you want Soda, Cream Tartar, Black Pepper, Ginger, Spice, Nutmegs, Mace, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street. july10-dly

PATENT MEDICINE DEPOT.—Parties in want of any of the popular patent medicines of the day, will find it to their interest to call on Bradfield & Co., Broad street, Atlanta, Ga., next door to Colonel Mark W. Johnsons's. july10-dtr

IF you want pure Drugs go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store on Broad street. july10-dly

IMPORTANT INFORMATION.—The place to buy good Furniture *low* for cash is at Rondeau & Co.'s. 15 Decatur street. septl1-d1w

WANTED.—A first-class Prescription Clerk—unmarried, and of good moral character. None need apply unless well qualified and of long experience in a good drug house. Address key-box No. 3, Atlanta, Georgia. septl1-d1w

THE United States Hotel, Louisville, Ky., is within two blocks of the Central Market and the Skating Rink. sep13-d1w.

ON and after Tuesday next, free dances will be given on Tuesday and Friday nights at the King House, at Stone Mountain. july9-dtf

IF you want Window Glass, Pure Lead, Linseed Oil, Putty, or anything in the paint line, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street. july10-dly

GO to Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street, for anything you want in the drug line. You will get it cheaper than at any other house in the city. july10-dly

FORTY Barrels Cherry Brandy just received at Kenny's Chicago Ale Depot, on Pryor street. july6-dtf

GO to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street, and get the best Lubricating Oil that is made for fine machinery. july10-dly

IF you want White Rock Potash, Concentrated Lye, Cheap Soap, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street. july10-dly

IF you want Rosadalis, Koskoo, McLean's Cordial, Tutt's Sarsaparilla, or Radway's Ready Resolvent, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street. july10-dly

FEMALES who value their health as also their offspring's should whenever they suffer with any of the following symptoms: Palpitation of the heart, oppression or weight in the chest as if a ball was running up in the throat, frightful dreams, occasional pain over the eyes, pain and heat in the small of the back, bowels irregular, sometimes costive, sometimes diarrhœa, melancholy and depression of spirits, neuralgic pains, and general weakness, loss of appetite, sick headache, etc., etc., should resort at once to a mild tonic and invigorant to brace up their system. That tonic is LIPPMAN'S GREAT GERMAN BITTERS, palatable to the taste and purely a medicinal cordial. sep15-deod1w&wlt.

Atlanta Steam Brewery.

Ale, Porter and Beer.

Temporary Office, Granite Block, Road Side as ATLANTA, GA.
aug4-3m SPENCER & CO.

WAGONS! WAGONS!

WE respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Georgia and adjoining States, to our

Wagon Manufactory,

LOCATED AT

Cumming, Forsyth County, Georgia.

Where we are prepared to put up all kinds of Wagons, in neat styles, upon short notice and at

REASONABLE PRICES.

We warrant all work ordered of us. We are also, prepared to

Repair Wagons, Buggies, etc.

We will deliver Wagons at any of the Depots in Atlanta, for shipment.
Address JAMES & BAKER,
july13-dtatsov Cumming, Ga.

TURBINE WATER WHEELS.

TWO of the best Turbine Water Wheels made in the United States, (the American and Hubbell and Capron's) can be had on short notice

At Manufacturers' Prices,

By applying at my office.

Call and get pamphlet and circulars for instructions and prices.

P. P. PEASE, Agent,
Corner Whitehall and Mitchell streets,
aug6-d3m Atlanta, Ga.

Family Ice Machines.

TOSELLI'S only practical Ice Machines for the use of Druggists, Confectioners and Families generally, producing transparent ice in 10 to 8 minutes, equal to and cheaper than natural—without steam power. Suitable for all climates and easy to operate. The refrigerant consists of harmless chemicals which is evaporated after every operation.

Address:
G. B. NEWMAN,
23 Maiden Lane, New York.
dec 28-d1y

C. E GROOVER, Savannah. C. P STUBBS, Savannah. A. T. MACINTYRE, Thomasville.

GROOVER, STUBBS & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

94 BAY STREET,

SAVANNAH.

☞Bagging Ties, Rope, and other Supplies furnished. Also, liberal Cash advances made on Consignments for sale or shipment to Liverpool or Northern ports. aug10-d6m

THE CHARTER OAK STOVES.

For sale only by

LANGFORD & McGRATH,

81 Whitehall street.

[July5-dtf]

Southern Domestic Gas-Light Company,

ROME, GEORGIA.

(Organized March 23, 1870)

Capital Stock,.....$100,000.

Judge W. W. Clayton, Pres't.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

Judge W W CLAYTON, President,
Major C H SMITH, Col SAMUEL GIBBONS,
Col REUBEN MCKEL, Dr JOHN W JANES,
CHARLES M HASPER, H H SMITH,
Capt ARCHER GRIFFITH, THOS J PERRY, Secretary.

THIS Company has purchased the right to manufacture and sell "Doty's Gas Generator" in the States of Georgia, Alabama, Florida and South Carolina. The gas is generated by a simple chemical process, without fuel or heat. Machines are made suitable for dwellings, printing offices, hotels, churches, halls and factories, in cities or in the country.

The gas manufactured from the "Generator" for beauty, safety and economy is unexcelled—its cost is less than one-fifth of the ordinary coal gas. The machine is in successful operation and may be examined by the public at the office of the Georgia State Agricultural Society in Atlanta, where the undersigned will be glad to receive orders or to give any information that may be desired.
JOHN L. D HILLYER,
sept9-d1f General Agent.

Special Term Fulton Superior Court.

A SPECIAL TERM of Fulton Superior Court will be held on the THIRD MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER, for the trial of criminal cases. Parties, witnesses and jurors will take note and govern themselves accordingly.
W. E. VENABLE, Clerk,
sep8-d6t Fulton Superior Court.

NATIONAL HOTEL,

CHATTANOOGA, TENN.,

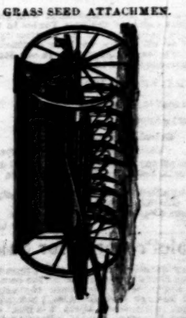
Ten rods on right of Passenger Depot.

Fare..... $2 per day.

A. L. MILLER, PROPRIETOR.
aug28-dtf

BICKFORD & HUFFMAN'S Grain Drill and Guano Distributor,

WITH GRASS SEED ATTACHMEN.



CATALOGUE and price list mailed to to applicants. Please address
SAMUEL A ECDLA,
Agricultural Warehouse and Seed Store,
Broad street, (by the bridge) Atlanta.
aug31-dtf

House and Lot for Sle.

TEN minutes walk from the Car Shed. Apply to J. H. GANN,
No. 11 Broad street,
aug13-dtf Cincinnati All Depot.

WOOD! WOOD! WOOD!

I AM prepared to furnish, at six notice, from 50 to 300 cords

GOOD SOUND WOOD,

Per week, at the lowest market price. Parties wishing wood can leave their orders at GARMAN & KRIEG, Gate City Store, Atlanta, Georgia. A. BRADY,
sept-d6t Gaskyr Georgia.

CANCER! CANCER!

—TO—

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK,

Of Madison, Georgia,

Makes a specialty of treating all persons afflicted with

CANCERS, SCROFULA,

Indolent, Ulcers, etc., etc.

HE has successfully treated CANCERS for the last TWENTY YEARS, without the use of the knife or any mercurial agent. He begs to refer those afflicted to the following certificates of persons who have been cured by his treatment. They speak for themselves. The question will be asked, who is Dr. Hitchcock? To all such I will answer that I was born and raised in Georgia. For all of which I feel proud. I am permanently located in Madison, Georgia.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK: It gives me pleasure to give my testimony in regard to the wonderful effects produced by your Vegetable Cancer Plaster. About five years ago I became afflicted with Cancer, just above my right breast. From that time to August 1st, 1866, I had as many as ten or twelve Physicians to examine and prescribe for it, but all proved of no avail. I called on you about the first of August, 1866, and put myself under your treatment. I am happy to say that your Plaster removed the Cancer, and I am now entirely well. I cheerfully give this certificate, as it is for the purpose of applauding you, though I feel under lasting obligations to you for the cure, I do it for the benefit of all such as may be afflicted with this terrible malady.
FRANCIS A CALLOWAY.
Rutledge, Ga., June 1, 1870.
Tested by Dr. J. JACKSON,
Dr. J. J. MONTGOMERY.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK: I do hereby certify that I have had a Cancer on my angle of my jaw for fifteen years, and have applied to a number of physicians for treatment, but without success. The application of your celebrated Plaster removed the Cancer in eight days from the time of application. It has now been nearly two years since I was cured. I cheerfully give this for the benefit of the afflicted.
T. P. PEACOCK.
Madison, Ga., June 1, 1870.

I do certify that I have been troubled with a Cancer on my cheek, near my under eye-lid for two years past. I applied to Dr. W. L. HITCHCOCK, who applied his celebrated Cancer Plaster, and was agreeably surprised to see the Cancer come out whole, the eighth day from application; I am now well, and my face entirely healed up. I advise all persons afflicted with Cancer to give him a trial. ROBERT SHIELDS.
Madison, August 2, 1869.

I have been suffering with a Cancer of the large kind, on the back of my neck, called rose cancer, for the past three years. I applied to Dr. W. L. HITCHCOCK, of Madison, who put a plaster on the Cancer, and, in eight days, it come out entirely. I am now well, and have been since the Cancer came out, which was last fall.
M. W. COFER.
Rutledge, Ga., September, 1869.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK—Dear Sir: I am pleased to state that your Plaster has entirely cured the Cancer on my nose, which had been a much trouble. I shall ever feel grateful to you for the success of you remedy.
Mrs. LORINA STRATTON,
Madison, Ga., May, 1870.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK: I am pleased to certify that I have had a large Cancer on my right arm for twenty years, and have seen and advised with numbers of Physicians, who advised me to let it alone, as they considered the Cancer too far advanced to be subdued by remedies. I heard of you and made application for treatment, as a last resort, and to my great satisfaction your Plaster has taken out the Cancer, in eight days, by the roots, and the sore is now rapidly healing, and I entertain strong hopes of a speedy recovery.
J. F. BURNS.
Edgefield Court House, S. C.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK—Dear Sir: I do hereby certify that I have been afflicted sorely with Cancer for fifteen years, and have tried many Physicians, and spent a great deal of money—all to no purpose, until I called on you, in Madison, last winter. The application of your Plaster has healed like a charm. I have the Cancer now in my possession, and the sores are all healed up, except one small place, which is nearly healed. I beg to refer all persons afflicted to call on Dr. Hitchcock, at Madison, Georgia.
T. B. REESE
Edgefield C. H., S. C., or Hamburg, South Carolina, May, 1870.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK—Dear Sir—I am happy to certify that your remedies have cured the Cancer on my face and nose, that had given me so much pain for twelve years. It appears as sound as if I never had a CANCER.
Mr. R. H STANTON.
Newton County, Ga., April 29, 1870—Postoffice at Social Circle, Georgia.

It affords me pleasure to state that I have witnessed a number of remarkable cures of cancer, by the application of Dr. W. L. Hitchcock's Cancer Plaster.
J. F. PATTERSON.
September, 1870. Madison, Ga.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK'S LIVER MEDICINE.

I would also state, in addition to my curing Cancers, that in consequence of many of the diseases, especially those peculiar to females, to which I have been giving a long experience and extensive practice, I guarantee perfect satisfaction. I also keep a full assortment of my Family Medicines on hand of my own manufacturing, but I call your special attention to my celebrated COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT OF STILLINGIA AND INDIAN SARSAPARILLA OR ALTERATIVES AND LIVER TONIC. It is justly celebrated for the following disorders: Chronic Torpidity of the Liver, Spleen, and Kidneys, Bladder. It cures Dyspepsia and Scrofula, Eruptions and Blotches of the Skin. It cures mercurial and old venereal diseases. Some will ask, how can this one medicine cure all of these diseases. The answer is this, it is so compounded to answer all of the requirements of those a patient, being compounded of the best and purest and most reliable Liver medicines, tonic, alterative, diuretic and disinfectants that belongs to the vegetable kingdom. This medicine is the result of twenty years experience. I used it in my private practice for the last 20 years, and within the last 6 months I have sold over $1,000 worth of it and I have to hear of the first complaint. I claim and assert it without the fear or contradiction from any one that have tried it, to be superior to any of the preparations of the day for the diseases that I recommend it for.

I have never advertised this medicine before. I have always been opposed to advertising nostrums and quack medicines, but having been persuaded, for years, by my friends, I have consented to do so, for the good of all that may avail themselves of the benefit of it. I could give thousands of testimonials to the happy effects of this medicine, but being satisfied that it will recommend and sustain itself, and all I ask is to give it a fair and impartial trial. Take it by the direction on the bottle, and if you do not find it all, or more than I claim for it, then I will agree to stop the sale.

I put up my medicine in ONE and TWO DOLLAR bottles, to suit persons and patients.

One word more to those that are suffering with Cancers. Don't let the Doctor disheaten you. For the most of them will, because they can't cure you themselves, will tell you that you can't be cured.

I have been curing Cancers for twenty years, and have never failed but in one case, and that case was beyond medical aid. If you have a CANCER call and see me, and I will tell you in a half hour if I can cure you, will charge nothing for examination, and if I cure you, will be reasonable in my charges.

CERTIFICATES.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK—Dear Sir:—This is to certify that my wife and daughter, Mrs. W. H. Jones, of Union Point, Ga., and our cook woman, have used your Alterative Liver Medicine, and do all cheerfully say it has had a fine effect; has entirely relieved them of their liver affections. Dr Cherry, of Newborn, sold my little grandchild, was laboring under an affection of the liver, and also was badly affected with Asthma. I learn he has been entirely relieved. Our cook woman is about the turn of life, and has been suffering with diseased liver, and general debility of the whole system, together with inflammatory rheumatism. She says she is entirely cured by the use of your Medicine. I cheerfully recommend it to the public, believing it to be a good medicine.
Yours truly,
REV W. A. FLORENCY,
Pastor of the M. E. Church, South, Madison, Ga.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK—Dear Sir:—I have used your Alterative and Liver Medicine, and have derived great benefit from it. Other members of my family have used it with like benefit, and I can confidently recommend it as a good remedy for the diseases you propose to relieve.
Yours,
J. M. IRWIN,
Pastor Methodist Church.
Madison, Ga., September 6, 1870.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK—Dear Sir:—I have had the misfortune to be afflicted with a liver and dyspeptic affection for the last twenty years. I have scarcely been able to eat or digest my food without pain, and have often tried various remedies, but found no relief until I took a course of your Alterative Medicine. It has now rid me and hearty. I cheerfully recommend all persons who may be afflicted with indigestion, to give these Medicines a trial, and I am sure they will be relieved.
PHILIP SHOUSE.
Madison Ga., December, 1869.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK—Dear Sir:—I have been laboring under a dyspeptic and liver affection for a number of years past, so much so that I had reduced in flesh to a mere skeleton, and had also cancerous, having a large one on my jaw, which had resisted treatment, or rather cure, for twelve years. I commenced taking your Alterative and Liver Medicine, which has effected a permanent cure. Your Cancer Plaster took out the cancer, and I am now well and hearty, and have been for two years. I recommend all persons afflicted with the above diseases, to try your remedies.
T. P. PEACOCK.
Madison, Ga.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK—Dear Sir:—This is to certify that I have, for the last eight years, been afflicted with a cantarious affection of the skin, which is greatly relieved by your Stillingia and Indian Herop. I cheerfully recommend it to all persons who may be thus afflicted. I feel it to be all you represent it to be.
W. L. HUDSON,
Conyers, Ga.
September 2, 1870.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK—Sir:—This is to certify that I have used your Cathartic Liver Medicine in my family for the last two years with the most happy results. I do not hesitate to recommend it to all those who may be afflicted with torpid condition of the liver, skin diseases, scrofulous affection, etc. I find it to be all you represent it to be.
SAMUEL PENNINGTON.
Madison, Ga., September 1, 1870.

☞As I have no agent, the Medicine will have to be procured at my office in Madison, Ga. I send by mail or express to all parts of the United States. sept2-dtf&wly

HENRY SELTZER,

ON BROAD,

Between Marietta and Walton Streets,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

China, Queens, Glass and Plated-ware,

CUTLERY,

Lamps and House Furnishing Goods,

KEROSENE OIL, WILLOW-WARE,

The Mason's Fruit Jar, (best Preserver) on hand by the Gross and at Retail.

☞ORDERS SENT BY MAIL FAITHFULLY EXECUTED.
aug13-d3m

STEPHENS, FLYNN & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

IN GRAIN, PROVISIONS, PRODUCE, LIQUORS, ETC.

Agents for the Sale of

LIME, GUANO, VIRGINIA LAND PLASTER & SALT,

Forsyth Street, near the Capitol,

ATLANTA, - - - GEORGIA.

HAVING REMOVED ACROSS THE STREET TO OUR LARGE AND COMMODIOUS STORE, NEXT DOOR TO GLENN & WRIGHT'S, WE ARE NOW PREPARED to receive, store and sell any consignments sent us, and make

Liberal Cash Advances

on the same. With improved facilities and increased trade, can promise quick sales and PROMPT CASH RETURNS. Being sole Agents for the sale of Flour manufactured by the

CELEBRATED "CHAMPION MILLS,"

of Rome, Ga., and receiving large quantities daily, we are prepared to fill all orders sent us promptly, and give our personal guarantee that the quality of this Flour is, and will continue, fully equal. If not our market. Have now in store and for sale Bacon, Lard, Wheat, Rye, Bacon, Lard, Rye and Corn Whisky, Virginia Apple Brandy, Cure Holland Gin, Tobacco, Candles, &c., &c.

Cotton Yarns, Domestics, Grain Sacks, &c.

Our instructions are to exchange these articles for Cash; consequently we invite the attention of parties buying to our stock, to whom we will guarantee LOW PRICES.

Wanted—50,000 bushels of Wheat, and invite consignments with which to fill the same. Oats, Rye and Barley also wanted.

July7-d6m STEPHENS, FLYNN & CO.

COTTON STATES LIFE INSURANCE CO.

OF MACON, GEORGIA.

CAPITAL, - - - - - $500,000.

Deposited with State Authorities

The Daily Constitution.

Agents for the Constitution.

The following gentlemen are regularly authorized, as local Agents, to receive and receipt for subscriptions to THE CONSTITUTION, at the following places:

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Choosing a Disease.

BY HORACE SMITH.

One of the kings of Scanderoon,
A royal jester,
Had in his train an odd buffoon,
Who used to pester
The court with tricks inopportune,
Venting on the highest folks his
Foolish pleasantries and hoaxes.

It needs some sense to play the fool—
Which wholesome rule
Occurred to our jackanapes,
Who consequently found his freaks
Lead to innumerable scrapes,
And quite as many kicks and tweaks,
Which only seem'd to make him faster
To try the patience of his master.

Some sin at last, beyond all measure,
Incurred the emperor's displeasure
Of his serene and raging highness;
Whether he twitched his most revered
And sacred beard,
Or had imagined on the shyness
Of the fair household, or let fly
An epigram at royalty
None knows; this sin was an occult one:
But record tells us that the Sultan,
Meaning to terrify the knave
Exclaimed, "'Tis time to stop that breath;
Thy doom is sealed, presumptuous slave!
Thou stand'st condemned to certain death.
Silence base rebel, no reply—
But such is my indulgence still,
That of my own free grace and will,
I leave to thee the mode of dying."

"Thy royal will be done—'tis just!"
Replied the wretch, and kissed the dust;
"Since many last moments to assuage,
Your Majesty's humane decree
Has designed to leave the choice to me,
I'll die, so please you, of old age!"

☞ It is stated on good authority that as soon as the Governor shall have signed the charter granted by the Legislature to the Ocmulgee and North Georgia Railroad there will be a corps of engineers organized to locate the road, and in a few days they will be in Newton county.

☞ If the retiring Vice-President will take a hint from a political enemy, he will immediately organize a strolling theatrical company, making the dramatized version of Dombey and Son a specialty, and reserving for himself the part of "Carker."

THE SEDAN PRISONERS.—The official report of the capitulation of Sedan states that the total prisoners taken were 122,000. The crowd of wounded has been reduced since the reopening of the railways, and all the dead in the fields and around the city are buried.

☞ The Gauiois demands that the statue of Napoleon I., which, after being displaced from the column Vendome, was set up at Courbevoie, in the environs of Paris, shall be removed within the fortifications, that it may not be subjected to outrages on the part of the Prussian soldiers.

ATLANTA PRICE-CURRENT.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, September 15, 3 o'clock, P. M.

Merchants report that the business season is late in setting in this year. The wholesale dry goods merchants report that their trade has livened up considerably this week.

COTTON—Market unchanged at 16½ for middlings; 15½ for low midings; 14 for good ordinary, and 12½ for ordinary. Receipts light.

MONEYARY—Gold buying at 1 12; selling at 1 14. Silver buying at 1 05; selling at 1 9. Exchange on New York buying at par; selling at ¼ premium.

GROCERIES.—Corn meal 1 20. Rice, 10c. tierces. Soap, 7a9c. Candles, adamantine, 15c. Tallow 12a15c. Sugars, A, 15½c; Extra C, 15; Yellow, C, 14½; Brown, 12½a14. Rio Coffee 20a24; Java 35a38. Beeswax, 33a34. Virginia salt, 2 25. Liverpool, 2 50. N. O. Syrup, 75a1 00. Molasses, barrels, 38c. Pepper, 37½. Race Ginger, 25c. Starch 9c. Extra State cheese, 16a; Factory, 18c; English dairy, 23c. Goshen butter 40a50c; Tennessee, 35a40.

PROVISIONS—Bacon—Clear sides command 20; clear rib sides 19½; shoulders 16½; plain hams 22a25; canvassed 23a28.

LARD—Choice in barrels 19; kegs and cans 20; inferior 18a19.

FLOUR—Stocks full. Superfine per bbl. 6 00a6 50; extra 6 50a7 00; family 7 00a7 50; fancy 8 00.

FACTORY GOODS.—The supply of Factory Goods is ample and the quality the best offered in any market. Brown Shirtings, 7-8 10a11; B. Shirting 3-4, 9, 4-4 12a13; Bleached shirting, 7-8, 7a9½; Bleached shirting, 4-4 11½a14½; Brown drills, 14½; Bleached Drills, 15½; Stripes, 14½a17½; Checks, 18½a19; Montour Osnaburgs, 16½a17; Troup, 18½; Yarns, 1 50.

BULK MEATS—Clear sides 19; clear rib sides 18½; shoulders 14½a15.

GRAIN—Corn, full stock. We quote mixed and yellow at $1 10; and prime white corn, at $1 15. Wheat—red 1 10; white 1 25. Oats, 55a60. Rye, 1 25 in but little demand. Barley—fall, 1 25.

DRY GOODS—Sheets 11a11¾; Sprague, 11¾a12; Pacific 11½; Lancaster 11; Wamsutta 7¾; Amoskeag 10; Picking, Pittsfield, 10; Croton, 13; Astway, 13; Eastern 10, 16; Amoskeag D, 22; Hamilton, 30; Conestoga 4-4, 30; Amoskeag C A 35. Low grades of prints can be had at from 6 to 6½.

TOBACCO MARKET.—Common sound 57½a60; medium sound 65a75; fine sound 80a90; extra fine 1 00a1 35.

LIQUOR MARKET—Whisky, rectified, 1 00 a1 25 as to proof; Bourbon 1 25a6 00; Robinson County, 2 00a3 00; Cognac Brandy, 4 50a5 00; St. Croix Rum, 4 00a6 00; Jamaica Rum, 4 00a6 00; Holland Gin, 1 5 0a6 00; Scotch, 3 50a4 00; Domestic Porter, 3 00; French Brandy, 4 50a12 00.

HARDWARE—Swedes iron, 8a9; horseshoe, 7a8; round and square, 8a10; City Mills bar, 6a6; Pittsburgh bar, 6a6; nail rod, 10a13; band, 7a8; Nails, 4s to 6s, 5 50; 3s, common, 6 50; 3s, fine, 8 50. Plow steel, 11c; cast, 26a28c; German, 18a20.

DRUGS AND DYES—Bicarb soda 7a7½ per lb. Blue stone 18a20. Copperas 3a3½. Epsom salts 4½a5. Madder 22a25. Opium 16 00a18 per pound. Alum, 8a10. Borax, 45. Brimstone, 8a10. Camphor, 1 20a1 40. Indigo, 1 20a1 50. Quinine, 2 75 per oz. Saltpetre, 12a30c per pound. Castor oil, quarts, 5 00a6 50; pints, 3 00a3 50; per gal., 3 75a4 00. Sweet oil, per dozen, 1 50a2 00; per gal., 1 45a3 50.

POWDER AND SHOT—Rifle powder, per keg, 25 pounds, 7 25; ½ kegs $4 00; ¼ kegs $2 25; blasting, 5 25. Patent shot, per bag, 2 75; buck, 3 00.

HIDES AND LIVE CATTLE—Live shotes, 6½a7½, owing to size. Live cattle on foot, choice 3½a4.

OILS AND PAINTS.—Linseed oil, raw, per gal., 1 30a1 35; do., boiled, 1 35a 1 40; Sperm, 2 30a3 00; Whale, 1 50a 2 00; Lard, 1 40a2 00; Pure Winter, 1 75a2 00; Tanners, 1 00a1 25; Kerosene 40a45c; Petro, 35; Copal Varnish, 2 75a4 00; Japan, 2 00a2 25; Coach, 4 50a5 00. White lead, per lb., 9a14; do., pure, 16.

LEATHER AND HIDES—White oak sole, 40a50; Hemlock, good, 31a35; damaged, 26a30; French calf skins, 80 00a90 00 per doz; American calf skins, 36 00a45 00; Harness leather, 45a50c; upper leather, 60a80c; Buffalo skins, (sheep), 4 50a5 00 per doz. Green hides 8a9c; dry salted, 16a18c; dry flint, 18a20c.

LIME AND CEMENT—Cherokee lime, 85c per bushel; Chewacla, 90c. Hydraulic cement 4 00 per barrel, James River 4 00a5 00 per bbl. Plaster of Paris, 9 00 per barrel.

Railroads.

GREAT SOUTHERN

PASSENGER AND MAIL

ROUTE!

VIA

ATLANTA AND AUGUSTA!

TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE as accordable and sure at all seasons.

THE EATING HOUSES

On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

CONDUCTORS on this Line are affable and courteous to passengers.

NO CHANGE OF CARS

BETWEEN

West Point, Ga., & Wilmington, N. C.

Quick Time and Sure Connection

VIA GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Passengers can purchase **Through Tickets** and have their **Baggage Checked through** from

New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, and Atlanta,

TO

Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York.

BY

Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line.

FARE AS LOW BY AUGUSTA AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars

ON

All Night Trains Leaving Atlanta

BY THIS ROUTE.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a

Splendid Line of Steamships

From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia Boston and New York.

THE CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

UNRIVALLED ON THE COAST.

Through Tickets on Sale at

Montgomery, West Point & Atlanta

TO

NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

J. A. ROBERT,
General Ticket Agent, Georgia Railroad.

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1870!

PASSENGERS DESIRING TO VISIT

ANY OF THE

Northern, Southern, Eastern,

—OR—

WESTERN CITIES

Should study well the attractions offered by the

WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILROAD,

The celebrated Passenger Route of the South.

The Only Route from Atlanta

RUNNING A DOUBLE

DAILY THROUGH PASSENGER TRAIN,

Preventing the Possibility of a Delay of Twenty-Four (24) hours, incident to lines running but one Daily Train.

The Passenger Equipment of this Road is Superior to that of any Road in the South.

In addition to the

LUXURIOUS COACHES

Of the Road, there are attached to all night trains the FAR FAMED

Pullman Sleepers,

Which furnish accommodations equal to a first-class Hotel.

There are on sale at reduced rates, for the summer season, TICKETS to

Greenbrier White Sulphur Springs,
Montgomery White Sulphur Springs,
Alleghany Springs,
Coyner's Springs,
Black Springs,
Warm Springs,
Little Sweet Springs,
Bedford Alum Springs,
Montvale Springs,
Berkeley Springs,
Natural Bridge, of Virginia,
Lookout Mountain,
Mammoth Cave,
Niagara Falls,
Hot Springs, of Arkansas.

And all other resorts

IN THE UNITED STATES.

This is the only Road in the South offering for sale Through Tickets to

Yokohama, Japan,
Hiogo, Japan,
Hong Kong, China,
Shanghai, China,
Nagasaki, China.

Steamers Leave San Francisco

—FOR—

CHINA AND JAPAN,

On the first day of each month.

Tickets can be purchased in all the principal cities. Baggage checked to destination and handled free. Ask for Tickets via

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

E. W. WRENN,
Gen'l Pas'ger and Ticket Agent.

A. L. HARRIS,
Master Transportation and Superintendent.

FOSTER BLODGETT,
Superintendent.

L. M. HARRIS,
Gen'l Freight Agent.

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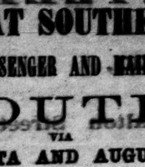
READ

IT is well known to Doctors and to Ladies, that that Women are subject to many



Painful Diseases, such as Suppression of the Menses, Whites, Painful or Monthly 'Periods,' Rheumatism of the Back and Womb, Irregular Menstruation, Leucorrhœa, or Excessive 'Flows,' and Prolapsus Uteri or Falling of the Womb.

These diseases have seldom been treated successfully. The profession has sought diligently for a remedy that would relieve them in their distress with success.

At last that remedy has been discovered by one of the most skillful physicians in the State of Georgia. That remedy is

BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR.

It is purely vegetable, and is put up in Atlanta, Ga., by Bradfield & Co.

It will purify the blood and strengthen the system, relieve irritation of the kidneys, and is a perfect specific for all the above diseases. Its certain cure has quinine is in Chills and Fevers.

For a history of diseases, and certificates of its wonderful cures, the reader is referred to the wrapper around the bottle

Every bottle warranted to give satisfaction or money refunded.

CARTERSVILLE, GA., March 8, 1869.

BRADFIELD & CO., Atlanta, Georgia:

DEAR SIRS: I take pleasure in stating that I have used, for the last twenty years, the medicine you are putting up, known as DR. J. BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR, and consider it the best combination ever gotten together for the diseases for which it is recommended. I have been familiar with its prescription, both as practitioner of medicine and in domestic practice and can honestly say that I consider it a boon to suffering females, and can but hope that every lady in our whole land, who may be suffering in any way peculiar to their sex, may be able to procure a bottle, that their sufferings may not only be relieved, but that they may be restored to health and strength.

With my kindest regards, I am, respectfully,
W. B. FERRELL, M. D.

We, the undersigned Druggists, take pleasure in commending to the trade Dr. J. BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR—believing it to be a good and reliable remedy for the diseases for which he recommends it.

W. A. LANSDELL, Atlanta, Georgia.
EMBERTON, WILSON & TAYLOR & CO., Atlanta, Georgia.
REDWINE & FOX, Atlanta, Georgia.
W. O. LAWSHE, Atlanta, Georgia.
W. ROOT & SON, Marietta, Georgia.

DR. PROPHITT'S

Celebrated Liver Medicine.

Will Purify the Blood, and will at once set the Liver and Kidneys as promptly as Calomel and Buchu, without any danger of salivation or destruction of the bones.

Parties taking this medicine need not fear getting wet, or any other reasonable exposure.

Symptoms of Liver Disease:

Headache, Dull Feeling or the Blues, Sour Stomach, Sick or Nervous Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Bad or Bitter Taste in the Mouth, the skin has a thick, rough feeling, and is darker than usual, Costiveness, Melancholy Feelings, Cramps, Cold Feet, Colic, Dysentery, or Diarrhœa, Chills and Fever, and Piles. In fact, where the Liver is out of order, you are liable to every disease that is not contagious.

Prophitt's Liver Medicine, if taken properly, will prevent and cure any disease resulting from a deranged Liver.

It will regulate its functions and thus cure all diseases caused by the failure of its healthy action.

It has been used for a great number of years, and has given universal satisfaction.

There is no brother or son claiming to have the original receipt. It is put up in both Powder and Fluid form.

FAIRBURN, GA., September 4, 1868.

DR. O. S. PROPHITT:

SIR: My wife has been an invalid for fifteen years. Doctors all agreed she had "Liver Disease" in connection with their practice she used various noted remedies, none of which seemed to do any good. Sometime ago I procured a bottle of your Liver Medicine, of your agent here, C. A. Harvey, which being given according to directions, has effected a complete cure.

Respectfully, etc.,
GEO. L. THOMPSON.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, July 18, 1870.

MESSRS. BRADFIELD & CO.:

GENTLEMEN—Last year, during my travels in Alabama and Southwest Georgia, I contracted chills and fever, and my general health became very bad. I tried various remedies, and among others Bradfield Agent's Pills—all to no purpose. I was troubled with intense pain in the small of my back, and for months I did not have a moment's rest. I had well nigh despaired of recovering when a friend recommended me to take Dr. Prophitt's Liver Medicine. I did so, and one bottle has cured me; and to-day I feel like another man. I consider it one of the best medicines for general use now put up, and, without any reservation, recommend it to the afflicted. I am, gentlemen, very respectfully yours, etc.,
O. M. HARALSON.

DR. PROPHITT'S DYSENTERY CORDIAL

Is one of the most valuable compounds now put up for Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholera Infantum, or Cholera Morbus.

This medicine has been in use for years, and gives universal satisfaction.

The most delicate child may take it with impunity.

COVINTON, GA., November 9, 1867

DR. PROPHITT:

Having a severe attack of Dysentery during the past summer, I was induced to use your Dysentery Cordial, and derived therefrom immediate and permanent relief. It gives me pleasure to recommend this remedy to all who may be so attacked, believing that, should the directions be followed, relief would surely be obtained.

Truly, etc.,
O. S. PORTER.

CUSSETA, TEXAS, 1869.

DR. PROPHITT:

DEAR SIR: Your Liver Medicine and Pain Kill it is a sample to success.
J. L. WHITTLE.

PROPHITT'S

PAIN KILL IT.

This is the celebrated medicine that run Perry Davis' Pain Killer out of the market, wherever it was sold. Davis made Prophitt change the name from Pain Killer to PAIN KILL IT.

For Rheumatism, Neuralgia, or pain of any kind, it has no equal.

For Cuts, Bruises, burns, or old Sores, it is the best thing you can use as a dressing.

For SNAKE BITES or STINGS of POISONOUS INSECTS, it is a perfect ANTIDOTE.

It is good for Colic, Colds, Coughs, or Bowel Complaint. Its name indicates its nature fully it is truly DEATH to pain.

Manufactured and sold by BRADFIELD & CO., Atlanta, Georgia, and for sale by all Druggists.

NEWTON FACTORY, GA., November, 1867.

DR. PROPHITT:

Last summer my horse sprained his knee severely, causing the whole leg to swell to about twice its natural size, and rendering him almost helpless. Two applications of your Analgas Pain Kill it thoroughly cured it.

JOHN B. DAVIS.

DR. PROPHITT'S

Fever and Ague Pills.

THE best Antidote for Chills and Fever known. Cures warranted in every case or money refunded. Purely vegetable.

DR. PROPHITT'S

ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS

WILL relieve Headache, Nervousness, Jaundice, and all other derangements of the Liver. Purely vegetable.

Manufactured and for sale by BRADFIELD & CO., Rear of Street, Atlanta, Georgia, and for sale by all Druggists, of Atlanta, Georgia, and manufacturers prices.

CERTIFICATES.

We, the undersigned, have used Dr. Prophitt's Preparations and take pleasure in recommending them to the public, as being all he claims for them:

Colonel R J Henderson, Covington, Ga; O T Rogers, Covington, Ga; G S Porter, Covington, Ga; Prof. A Jones, Covington, Ga; J M Arnold, Georgia Conference; Rev W W Oslin, Georgia Conference; J B Swanson, Occidental, Ga; Robert Barnes, Jasper county, Ga; J M Robinson, Monticello, Ga; James Wright, Putnam county, Ga; A A Westbrook, Putnam county, Ga; Judge J J Floyd, Covington, Ga; W L Reber, Covington, Ga; Rev Dr Hawthorn, Covington, Ga; A H Zachry, Conyers, Ga; George Walker, Atlanta, Ga; Dick Lockett, Davis county, Texas; Hiram Whatley, Covington, Ga; W H Roberts, Linden county, Texas; Tommey & Stewart, Atlanta, Ga; W A Lansdell, Druggists, Atlanta, Ga; R F Maddox, of R F Maddox & Co., Atlanta, Ga; Uriah Thomas, Carnesville, Ga; A N Lewis, Jackson county, Ga; Joseph Land, Lawrence county, Ga; Jas Jas, Cartersville, Ga; W L Hills, Dooly county, Ga; W A Freeman, Covington, Ga; Jas Jones, Covington, Ga; Rev Mr Parks, Lawrence county.

STATE OF GEORGIA, } Know all men by
FULTON COUNTY. } these presents, That I have this day, for value received, sold assigned to DR. BRADFIELD & CO., the right to manufacture and sell my Family Medicines, and have furnished them with the full receipt, and have authorized the said BRADFIELD & CO., to prosecute, or have prosecuted, anybody they may see proper concerning any and all of those named Medicines. This 15th day of June, 1870.
(Signed) DR. O. S. PROPHITT.

In presence of Thomas F. Jones, and Robert Crawford, Notary Public. [L. S.]
And for sale by all Druggists.

HARDWARE

AT

Wholesale and Retail

TOMMEY

SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS OFFERED

&

OUR STOCK IS LARGE

STEWART,

and varied. It consists of everything usually kept in a First Class Hardware Store.

TOMMEY & STEWART,
feb8-dly Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

TO SOUTHERN MERCHANTS

AND

MILLINERS.

DR. PROPHITT'S HILL & KETCHAM,

257 *Canal Street, New York.*

INVITE the attention of the Southern trade to their complete assortment of

STRAW GOODS,

and all articles in the Millinery line, consisting of Straw, Silk and Velvet Hats, Sundowns, Straw Cords and Tassels, Flowers and Feathers, Trimmings of all kinds, Bonnet and Hat Frames, etc.

Special attention is given to a line of Trimmed Goods, for country trade. Orders filled with great care. A trial of styles and prices is solicited.

HILL & KETCHAM,
257 Canal Street,
Between Broadway and Earles' Hotel
nov28-dly

ROSADALIS!

ROSADALIS

THE Great American Health Restorer, purifies the blood and cures Scrofula Syphilis, skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Diseases of Women, and all Chronic Affections of the Blood, Liver and Kidneys. Recommended by the Medical Faculty and many thousands of our best citizens.

Read the testimony of Physicians and patients who have used Rosadalis; send for our Rosadalis Health Guide, or Almanac for this year, which we publish for gratuitous distribution; it will give you much value information.

Dr. R. W. Carr, of Baltimore, says:

I take pleasure in recommending your Rosadalis as a very powerful alterative. I have seen it used in two cases with happy results—one in a case of secondary syphilis, in which the patient pronounced himself cured after having taken five bottles of your medicine. The other is a case of Scrofula of long standing, which is rapidly improving under its use, and the indications are that the patient will soon recover. I have carefully examined the formula by which your Rosadalis is made, and find it an excellent compound of alterative ingredients.

Dr. Sparks, of Nicholasville, Ky., says he has used Rosadalis in cases of Scrofula and Secondary Syphilis with satisfactory results—as a cleanser of the Blood I know no better remedy.

Samuel G. McFadden, Murfreesboro' Tenn., says:

I have used seven bottles of Rosadalis, and am entirely cured [illegible] Rosadalis; send me four bottles for my brother, who has scrofulous sore eyes.

Benjamin Bechtol, of Lima, Ohio, writes: I have suffered for twenty years with an inveterate eruption over my whole body; about one time since I purchased a bottle of Rosadalis and it effected a perfect cure.

Rosadalis is sold by all Druggists.

Laboratory, 61 Exchange Place, Baltimore.

DR. CLEMENTS & CO.,
Proprietors
L. H. BRADFIELD,

Wholesale Agent, Atlanta, Ga., sells Rosadalis at Proprietors rates.

Chattahoochee House,

WEST POINT, GA.

THIS well known Railroad Dinner House has recently undergone thorough repairs, and the Proprietor is now better prepared to accommodate his guests than formerly.

☞ The Bar is supplied with the choicest Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

W. L. WILLIAMS.

A NEW DISCOVERY!!

PHALON'S

"VITALIA;"

OR,

Salvation for the Hair.

CLEAR AS WATER!
WITHOUT SEDIMENT!!
OPEN TO THE LIGHT!!!

For Restoring to Gray Hair its Original Color.

PHALON'S "VITALIA" differs utterly from all the hair coloring preparations heretofore used. It is limpid, sweet smelling, precipitates no muddy or slimy matter, requires no shaking, imparts no stain to the skin. Hold it to the light and it is clear and cloudless. It leaves no mark on the scalp; yet it reproduces in gray hair the natural color that time or sickness may have bleached out of it.

☞ Phalon's Vitalia

is for one sole purpose, that of reproducing, with absolute certainty, the natural color of the hair. It is not intended as a daily dressing, nor for removing scurf or dandruff; nor for curing baldness; nor for stimulating the growth of the hair.—These objects may be accomplished after the color has been fixed with the Vitalia, by Phalon's Chemical Hair Invigorator.

THE VITALIA is a harmless and unequaled preparation for the reproduction of the original hue of gray hair, and nothing else. This is accomplished in from two to ten applications according to the depth of shade required. Sold by all druggists.

Baltimore Notices.

GEORGE PAGE & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PATENT PORTABLE CIRCULAR

SAW MILLS,

Also Stationary and Portable

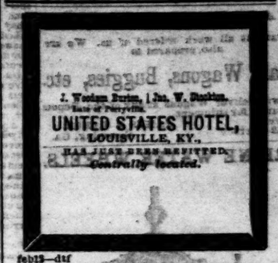
Steam Engines, &c.

No. 5 Schroeder Street,

BALTIMORE, MD.

☞ Send for Catalogues and Price Lists.

July28-dly



feb15-dtf

To All Whom it May Concern.

YOUR attention is called to sections 371 and 388 of the City Code. They have been so amended that one notification from me is sufficient, and I now notify all parties, who comes under the scope of said sections to remove all obstructions, Sweepings, Hair, Peelings, Slop, or Washings, within six hours, and will say that you are not allowed to put the boxes, used to place such accumulation in, upon the street or sidewalk, except on Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday mornings, when a Scavenger Cart will pass around and empty them.

apr30-dtf G. W. ANDERSON, Marshal.

Valuable Real Estate,

AT GAINESVILLE, GA., FOR SALE.

THE HOUSE built and occupied by Haise Bewdry, deceased, a summer residence.

Any amount of Wood Land can be purchased, convenient.

Apply to

E. A. GOWER,
At Cartersville,
Or, S. V. COBB,
Gainesville, Ga.

N. B.—Some **Valuable Mill Property** for sale in the immediate vicinity of Gainesville. apr22-dtf

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INFIRMARY FOR THE BLIND,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

CONTINUES to perform the most remarkable cures of the age on the Eye. These wonderful works have already become matter of history, and are rapidly spreading their influence over the whole country. Any amount of unquestionable evidence can be readily furnished persons desiring information.

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General John B. Gordon, President Southern Life Insurance Company, Atlanta, Ga.
General A. Austell, President National Bank, Atlanta, Ga.
Ex Governor J. E. Brown, Atlanta, Ga.
Rev. Dr. Jesse Boring, M. D., Professor Medical College, Atlanta, Ga.
Pemberton, Taylor & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Atlanta, Ga.
I. F. Cox, President Baptist Female College, LaGrange, Georgia.
Rev. R. W. Fuller, Pastor First Baptist Church, Atlanta, Georgia.
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Hon. J. T. Clark, Cuthbert, Ga.
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Rev. I. J. Wood, Rome, Ga.
Rev. T. H. Murphy, Hogansville, Ga.
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Rev. B. L. Ross, M. D., Fort Valley, Ga.
Hon. R. A. Turnipseed, Fort Gaines, Ga.
Captain S. S. Dunlap, Macon, Ga.
G. S. Parker, Conductor S. W. Railroad, Ga
Colonel H. A. Thornton, Columbus, Ga.
Hon. Wm. M. Tumlin, Cuthbert, Ga.
Colonel J. J. Smith, Cuthbert, Ga.
Rev. A. S. Worrell, Editor Baptist Sentinel and Pres. Lex. Female College, Ga.
Rev. Augustus W. Walker, Conwayboro', S. C.
F. B. Moody, General Agent Mississippi Valley Life Insurance Company, Louisville, Ky.
Hon. W. H. C. Davenport, Lone Star, Texas.
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Hon. Thomas Pullum, Union Springs, Ala.
Rev. Morgan Calloway, Pres. Meth. Female College, LaGrange, Ga.
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Rev. B. Shaver, Editor Index and Baptist, Atlanta, Ga.
W. A. Hemphill & Co., Proprietors Atlanta Constitution.

Infirmary on the corner of Collin and Baker streets. Office at Infirmary.

Bills for professional services, cash or its equivalent.

Persons writing on business will please inclose postage stamp.

For circulars, apply to

DR. W. A. HOOTEN,
or REV. J. F. HOOTEN,
Atlanta, Ga.

june19-d3m

BRICK FOR SALE.

THE undersigned have at their kiln near Conyers, 125,000 first-class Brick now ready for delivery, which they will sell at a fair price, with a sufficient force of hands in the yard to keep a constant supply. The Yard is conveniently located on the Georgia Railroad. Any order sent us for Brick will be promptly filled. A sample of our Brick can be seen at the store of Tommey & Stewart, Atlanta, Georgia; also, at J. J. Spencer's office, Railroad Agent, Covington, Georgia, in a few days.

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D. T. WHITE.

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This is a hard, compact paper, like an ordinary book-cover, and is saturated with tar and used on the outside of frame buildings, under the clapboards, also under shingles and floors, to keep out damp, cold and heat. It is also used on the inside, not saturated, instead of Plastering, and makes a warm and cheap wall. It costs only from $3 to $30 (according to size) to cover houses on the outside. ☞ Samples and descriptive circular sent free.

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General Agent for the Southeast.

aug2-dc2m

OLD CAROLINA BITTERS.

A DELIGHTFUL TONIC

We take great pleasure in offering the

Old Carolina Bitters

to the public. They are compounded with great care, and contain some of the best Tonics in the Pharmacopœia. As evidence of the superiority of our Bitters over all others, we have certificates from many of the leading physicians in our State, who have prescribed them to their patients.

THE OLD CAROLINA BITTERS

Will be found invaluable for

Want of Appetite,
General Debility,
Colds and Fever and Dyspepsia.

We do not offer our Bitters as a cure for all diseases, but as a Aromatic Tonic, they have no equal.

For sale by a Druggists in Atlanta. Principal Depots,
GODRICH, WINEMAN & CO.,
Importers Chemical Drugs and Chemicals,
jan19-dly Charleston, S. C.

Valuable Property for Sale.

TWO very desirable pieces of city property, consisting one house and lot on the corner of Forsyth and Mitchell streets; house contains 8 rooms, and is large and new. Also, a beautiful building lot, improved, about 3 acres, on Stephens and Chandler streets, adjoining the property of J. McDaniel and A. W. Mitchell. Also, one of Gen'l Wheeler's plantations in Dekalb county, Georgia, containing 325 acres, six miles from Gridin. Apply to GEO. SCHAEFER, at the Marble Yard, on Mitchell and Pryor streets, formerly occupied by McDaniel, Strong & Co.

aug6-dlm

UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA.

THE SESSION of this Institution commences annually on the 1st day of October, and continues, without interruption, till the Thursday preceding the 1st of July following.

The organization of this Institution is very complete, embracing extensive and thorough courses of instruction in Literature and Science, and in the professions of Law, Medicine and Engineering.

The expenses of an Academic or Law Student, exclusive of the cost of Text Books and clothing, and of Board, which ranges from $20 to $30 per session of nine months; and of the Engineering or Medical Students about $100, or which sum, respectively, $50 is payable on entrance matriculation, and the balance at the progress of the session.

For details see Catalogues. F. G. Maffin,
University of Virginia. S. MAFFIN,
jan28-dawlm Chairman of the Faculty.

STRAYED OR STOLEN,

ABOUT six weeks ago, a black and white Cow, one of quiet disposition, branded on both sides. A liberal reward will be given for information of her whereabouts by the undersigned.

G. HOOKER,
Rear Land Store Market,
Fourth street.

The Summer Attraction.

The McDowell House, Newnan, Ga.

A NEW Brick Hotel, well ventilated, and commodious. Good water, and the healthy climate. A retreat for Invalids and the overworked merchants. Elegant fare, bountiful table, clean rooms. E. T. WHITE, Superintendent.

July9-dtf Newnan, Ga.

SEASON, 1870.

MONTVALE SPRINGS,

Blount County, East Tennessee.

THIS favorite Summer Resort for the invalid and pleasure-seeker will be open for the reception of visitors, JUNE 1st, 1870.

The most marked beneficial results attending the use of these waters, in functional derangements of the Liver, Bowels, Kidneys and Skin, and the cure of Chronic Diseases, attest the Medical Properties of these Waters.

Situated at the base of the Chilhowee Mountains, it presents the strongest attractions to both the invalid and the pleasure-seeker, no less on account of its pure invigorating atmosphere and the beauty of the surrounding scenery, than of the Restorative Powers of its waters.

Such provision has been made for the Comfort of visitors, that the Proprietor confidently promises satisfaction to his guests.

Daily Coaches, with mail and passengers, run between Maryville, the terminus of the Railroad from Knoxville, and the Springs, distant nine miles, over good roads.

Board per day $3 50; per week $16 00; per month, $60 00.

Address, for descriptive pamphlets,
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One Thousand Pounds

TURNIP SEEDS.

RUTA BAGA, White Top, Flat Dutch, Purple Top, Large White Globe, Yellow Aberdeen, Large Norfolk, and the celebrated SEVEN TOP, or "JOHNNY REB."

Prepare your land and plant Ruta Bagas early in July. Above Seeds at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Retail, $1 00 per pound, and mailed free on receipt of price.

MARK W. JOHNSON,
Dealer in Guano, Seeds, and Agricultural Implements,
June28-dtf Broad street.

BARRETT'S

HAIR RESTORATIVE.

ALL AROUND THE WORLD

THE FIRST PREMIUM OF A SILVER MEDAL WAS AWARDED TO BARRETT'S HAIR RESTORATIVE By the N. H. State Agricultural Society, at its Fair, held in Nashua, Sept. 30, 1867.

BARRETT'S

Vegetable Hair Restorative

Restores Gray Hair to its natural color. Prevents the fall of the Hair. Cleanses the roots to their original vigorous action. Eradicates Dandruff and Humors. Prevents Hair falling out. It is a Superior Dressing. It contains no injurious ingredients, and is the most popular and reliable article throughout the West, North and South.

This Preparation surpasses all others of its kind. It is thorough in its action upon Gray or Faded Hair and its effect permanent.

It produces but one distinct shade, while others leave the hair in many varied colors.

It promotes growth when others fail to reproduce a single hair.

It does not crisp or dry the hair, but leaves it moist and glossy.

Ladies and it superior to any other as a Toilet Dressing.

The ingredients used in this Preparation are the very best that can be found, and are as harmless as water.

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And for Sale by all Druggists.

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COTTON FACTORS

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sep30-dtf

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